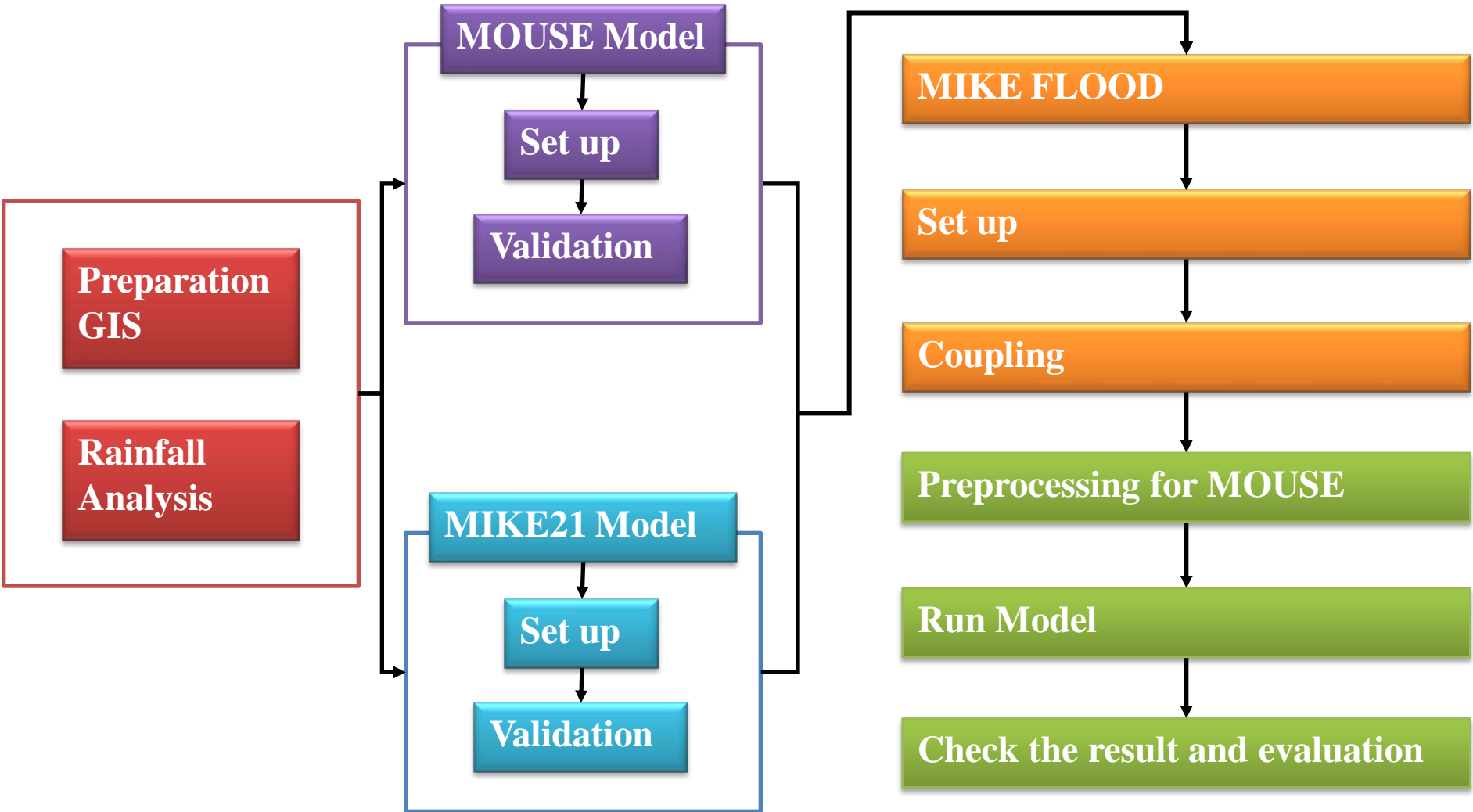


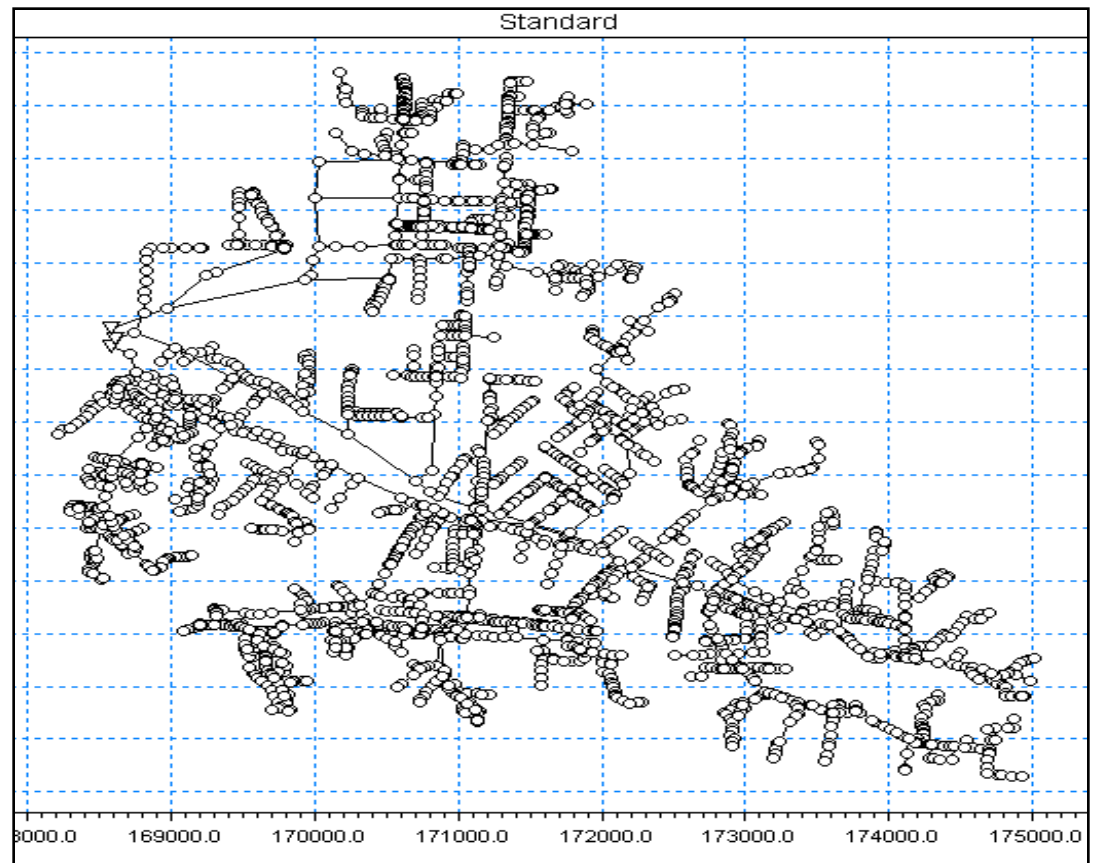
Module 9

Lecture 5: Urban Flood Risk Mapping using MOUSE, MIKE 21 and MIKE FLOOD



Urban Drainage Network

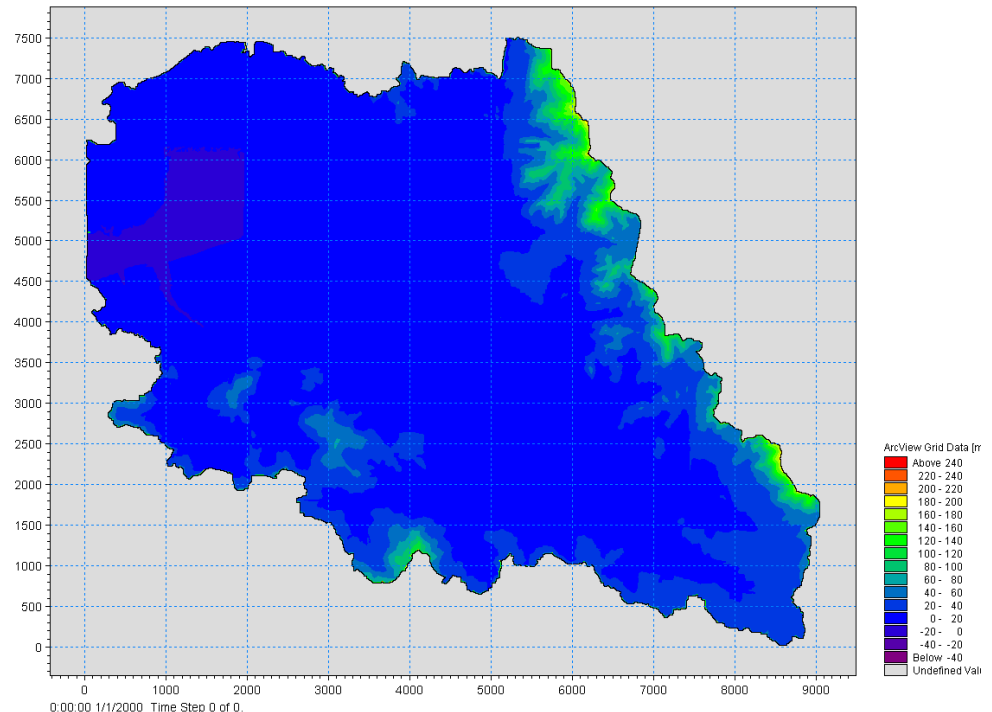
- Import of drainage network into MOUSE
- Setting up Urban Drainage model with MOUSE
- Validation



Urban Drainage Modelling

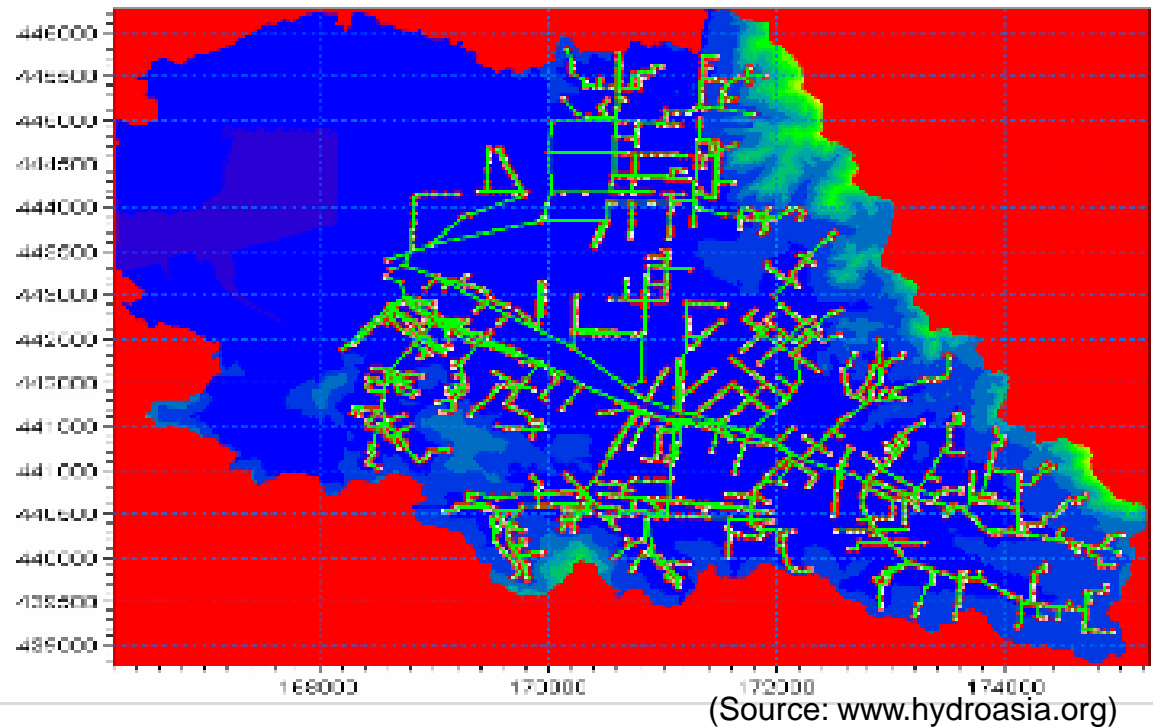
- Import Ascii data-set as bathymetry
- Setting up Urban Bathymetry with MIKE21
- Validation

Option	Value
Time Step	1sec Max Cr=0.4
Grid Size	10m



MIKE FLOOD Modeling

- Setting up MIKE Flood model
- Coupling : Link MOUSE Manholes to MIKE21
- Preprocessing for MOUSE Model
- Running Model
- Check the results

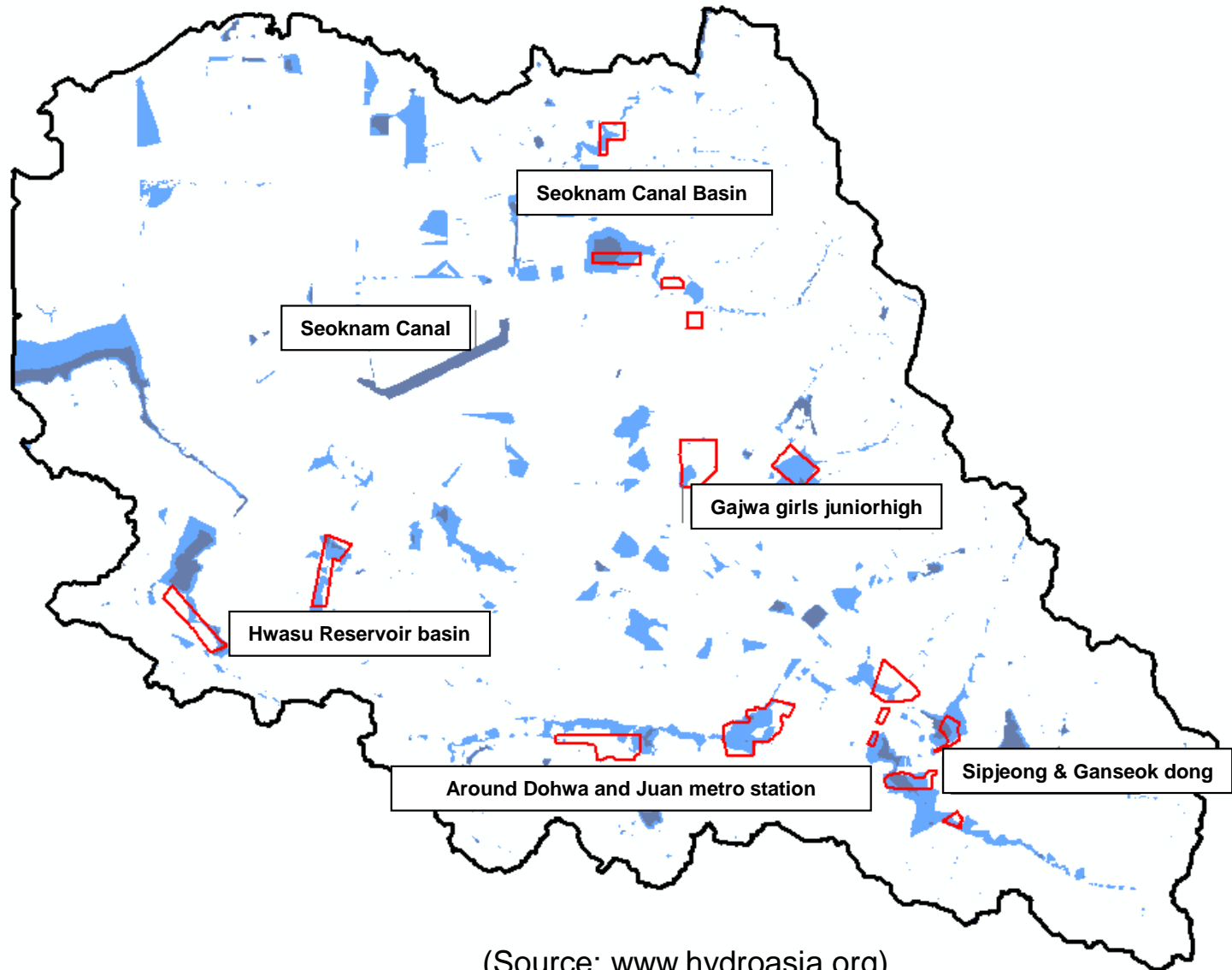


Results Analysis



(Source: www.hydroasia.org)

Comparing the Result (Modeled VS Reported)



(Source: www.hydroasia.org)

Highlights in the Module

❖ Basic elements of hydrologic simulation model

Equations → govern the hydrologic processes,

Maps → define the study area and

Database → numerically describe the study area and model parameters.

❖ Strengths of Watershed Models

- Diversity of the current generation of models
- Comprehensive Nature
- Reasonable modeling of physical phenomena
- Distributed in Space and Time
- Multi-disciplinary nature

❖ Deficiencies of Watershed Models

- Lack of user-friendliness,
- Large data requirements,
- Lack of quantitative measures of their reliability,
- Lack of clear statement of their limitations, and
- Lack of clear guidance as to the conditions for their applicability.

❖ Steps in Watershed Modelling

- Model Selection
- Input Data
 - ➔ Agricultural Data, Hydrometeorologic Data, Pedologic Data, Geologic Data, Geomorphologic Data, Hydraulic Data, Hydrologic Data

- Evaluation & Refinement of Objectives
- Selection of Methodology
- Calibration & Verification of Model
- Simulations using Model
- Sensitivity Analysis of Model
- Model Validation

❖ Major Hydrologic Models

- HSPF (SWM)
- HEC
- MIKE

Text/References

1. Abraham, K.R., Dash, S.K., and Mohanty, U.C. 1996. Simulation of monsoon circulation and cyclones with different types of orography; *Mausam*, 47, 235-248.
2. Bedient et al. "Hydrology and Floodplain Analysis", 2008.
3. Bhalme, H.N. and Jadhav, S.K. 1984. The southern oscillation and its relation to the monsoon rainfall. *J. Climatol.*, 4, 509-520.
4. Bras, R. L., and Rodriguez-Iturbe. 1994. Random Functions and Hydrology, *Dover Publications*, New York.
5. Chow, V. T., D. R. Maidment, and L. W. Mays. "Applied Hydrology", *McGraw Hill International Editions*.
6. Haan, C. T.. 2002. "Statistical Methods in Hydrology", 2nd ed., *Blackwell Publishing*, Ames, IA.

7. Hoskings, J. R. M. and J. R. Wallis. 1997. "Regional Frequency Analysis, An Approach Based on L-Moments", *Cambridge University Press*, New York.
8. Subramanya K, "Engineering Hydrology", *Tata McGraw-Hill*.
9. Viessman Jr., W. and G. L. Lewis. "Introduction to Hydrology", 4th ed., *Harper-Collins*, New York, 1996.
10. Vijay P. Singh, F. and David A. Woolhiser, M. 2002. Mathematical Modeling of Watershed Hydrology, *Journal of Hydrologic Engineering*, Vol. 7, No. 4, July 1, 2002.
11. www.climateofindia.pbworks.com/
12. <http://www.crwr.utexas.edu/gis/gishyd98/dhi/mikeshe/Mshemain.htm>

Related study materials available through NPTEL

1. Advanced Hydrology (Video Course) by Prof. Ashu Jain, IIT Kanpur

<http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/105104029/>

2. Stochastic Hydrology (Video Course) by Prof. P.P. Mujumdar, IISc Bangalore

<http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/105108079/>

3. Probability Methods in Civil Engineering (Video Course) by Dr. Rajib Maity, IIT Kharagpur

<http://nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/105105045/>