Assignment 4

The due date for submitting this assignment is 23 October 2020, 23:09 IST

1. Consider the following statements:
   (1) Citizenship is determined by a person's place of permanent residence.
   (2) Citizenship is determined by an individual's parentage, irrespective of their place of birth.
   (3) Citizenship is determined by an individual's parentage, irrespective of their place of birth.

Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- 1 and 3
- 1, 2, and 3
- 2 and 3
- All of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

2. Which of the following statements explains the concept of 'caste'?

- Caste is determined by a person's place of permanent residence.
- Caste is determined by an individual's parentage, irrespective of their place of birth.
- Caste is determined by an individual's parentage, irrespective of their place of birth.
- None of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

3. Consider the following statements with respect to the laws in the Constitution of India:

- Article 3 and 11 of the Constitution of India provide a comprehensive framework for determination of citizenship subsequent to the commencement of the Citizenship Act,
- The Constitution entrusts the power to make laws with respect to acquisition and termination of citizenship to all state governments.
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- 1 and 2
- 2 and 3
- 1, 2, and 3
- None of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

4. The Citizenship Act of 1955 entitles the following under the Act:

- A person to be born in India.
- A person to be born in India.
- A person to be born in India.
- None of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

5. Under the Citizenship Act, 1955, proof of citizenship by birth:

- Is satisfied if a person was born in India.
- Is satisfied if a person's parents were born in India.
- Is satisfied if a person's parents were born in India.
- None of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

6. Consider the following statements relating to rights of citizens and non-citizens in India:

- Indians in India are entitled to the rights and services under the 1951 Foreigners' Protection and Relief Act.
- India does not have a legal framework for the protection of rights of citizens and non-citizens.
- The Constitution guarantees the right to freedom of speech and expression to all persons, including non-citizens.
- The Constitution guarantees the right to equality before the law and equal protection of the law for all persons, including non-citizens.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- 1, 2, and 4
- 1, 2, 3, and 4
- 2 and 4
- 3 and 4

No, the person is incorrect.

7. The following categories of illegal migrants who entered India before 11 November 2016 are not eligible for grant of citizenship by naturalization under the

- Nationality Act, 1950
- Nationality Act, 1950
- Nationality Act, 1950
- Nationality Act, 1950

No, the person is incorrect.

8. Consider the following statements:

- (i) Overseas citizens held that citizenship by an individual country specific under the Citizenship Act 1955.
- (ii) Overseas citizens hold that citizenship by individual countries specific under the Citizenship Act 1955.
- (iii) Overseas citizens hold that citizenship by individual countries specific under the Citizenship Act 1955.
- (iv) Overseas citizens hold that citizenship by individual countries specific under the Citizenship Act 1955.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- 1, 2, and 3
- 2 and 4
- 1, 2, and 3, and 4
- None of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

9. Which of the following states the legal basis for National Population Register?

- NPR (which has no legal basis)
- Census Act 1948
- Census Act 1948
- Census Act 1948

No, the person is incorrect.

10. Which of the following statements is/are correct?

- (i) India does not have a legal framework for the protection of rights of citizens and non-citizens.
- (ii) India does not have a legal framework for the protection of rights of citizens and non-citizens.
- (iii) India does not have a legal framework for the protection of rights of citizens and non-citizens.
- (iv) India does not have a legal framework for the protection of rights of citizens and non-citizens.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- 1 and 2
- 1 and 3
- 1 only
- None of the above

No, the person is incorrect.

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