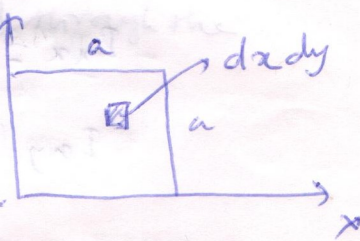


Week-7 - Assignment-7 Solution

①
$$I_{xx} = \int_{x=0}^a \int_{y=0}^a (\sigma dx dy) y^2$$

$$= \sigma \int_0^a dx \int_0^a y^2 dy = \sigma \cdot a \cdot \frac{a^3}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \sigma a^4 = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{M}{a^2} \cdot a^4$$

$\sigma =$ mass per unit area. $= M/a^2$



∴
$$I_{xx} = \frac{1}{3} M a^2$$

Similarly,
$$I_{yy} = \int_{x=0}^a \int_{y=0}^a (\sigma dx dy) x^2 = \frac{1}{3} M a^2$$

②
$$I_{zz} = \int_{x=0}^a \int_{y=0}^a (\sigma dx dy) (x^2 + y^2)$$

$$= \int_{x=0}^a \int_{y=0}^a \sigma dx dy \cdot x^2 + \int_{x=0}^a \int_{y=0}^a \sigma dx dy \cdot y^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} M a^2 + \frac{1}{3} M a^2 = \frac{2}{3} M a^2$$

③ $I_{xy} =$ Product of inertia of the plate about x and y axes
$$= - \int_{x=0}^a \int_{y=0}^a (\sigma dx dy) xy = - \sigma \left(\frac{x^2}{2} \right)_0^a \left(\frac{y^2}{2} \right)_0^a$$

$$= - \sigma \cdot \frac{a^2}{2} \cdot \frac{a^2}{2} = - \frac{M}{a^2} \cdot \frac{a^4}{4} = - \frac{1}{4} M a^2$$

Since, distance of element $dxdy$ from yz , xz and xy planes are, x , y and 0 respectively.

∴ $I_{xz} = I_{zx} = 0$ and $I_{yz} = I_{zy} = 0$