

NPTEL course offered by IIT Madras
Computer methods of analysis of offshore structures

Tutorial 10: Offshore platforms: Dynamic analyses

Answer all questions

Total marks: 25

1. Explain Numerical integration scheme used to solve a dynamic system?

Equation is integrated using numerical method
- step-by-step procedure

- 'Direct' means "No transformation of Equation into different forms" is done prior to the numerical integration

- All integration schemes (numerical methods, is general) - conditional stability

- Integration scheme suggested by Newmark is conditionally stable when the time step used is smaller than critical value

$$\text{ie } \Delta t \leq \Delta t_c$$

$$\Delta t_c = T_n / \pi \quad \text{where } n \text{ is the order of the element of the system}$$

T_n is the smallest (lowest) period of the system.

Analysis

(i) Equation is not tried (solved) @ any instant of time t

But

it is aimed to satisfy the Equation @ discrete time points within the interval of solution

(ii) Variations in the (displacement, vel, acc) within each time interval is assumed.

Mathematically, following eqns are valid

$$\dot{u}_{t+\Delta t} = \dot{u}_t + \left[(1-\delta) \dot{u}_t + \delta \dot{u}_{t+\Delta t} \right] \Delta t \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$u_{t+\Delta t} = u_t + \dot{u}_{t+\Delta t} + \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} - \alpha \right) \dot{u}_t + \alpha \dot{u}_{t+\Delta t} \right\} \Delta t^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Newmark proposed an unconditionally-stable solution

✓ Adv. acc. method

Klaus Jürgen Bathe and Edward L. Wilson. 1987. Numerical methods in finite element

analysis. Prentice-Hall India Pvt. Ltd. pp 522.

$\alpha = 0.25$ $\delta = 0.5$, Δt is the time step (discrete points @ eqs are valid)

Scheme

I Initial conditions

1) Form $[K]$, $[M]$ & $[C]$

2) Initialize U_0 , \dot{U}_0 Compute \ddot{U}_0

3) select time step (Δt), parameter (α , δ) for the scheme

4) compute Integration constants

$$\begin{aligned} \delta &\geq 0.50 \\ \alpha &\geq 0.25 (0.5 + \delta)^2 \quad || \end{aligned}$$

2. Derive and explain the terms in Equation of motion of Articulated Tower
3. Derive and explain the terms in equation of motion of Tension Leg Platform
4. Highlight advantages of Triceratops as applicable to deep water structural systems
5. Derive $[K]$ of offshore triceratops from first principles