

# Unit 5 - Week 3

## Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Week 0

Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

Relation between Free Energy and Equilibrium Constant

Derivation of Nernst Equation

Standard Reduction Potential Series for Pure Metals

Calculation of Reduction Potential in Acidic & Neutral Solution

Nernst equation in terms of pH

Quiz : Assignment 3

Corrosion - Part I: Week 3 Feedback

Assignment 3 - Solution

Week 4

Week 5

Week 6

Week 7

Week 8

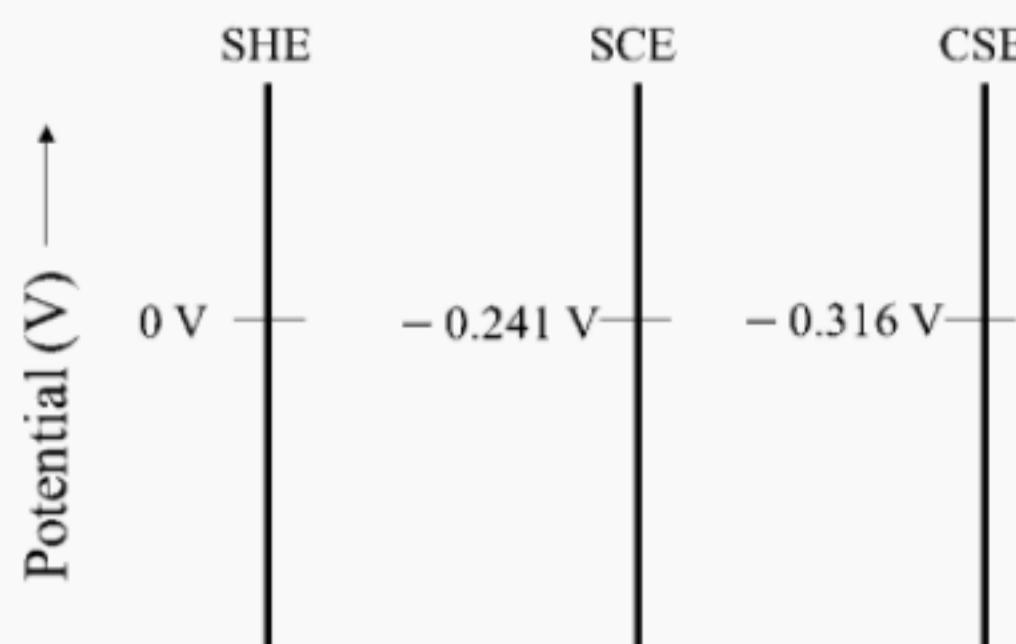
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## Assignment 3

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.  
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

**Due on 2020-02-19, 23:59 IST.**

1) Figure below shows the conversion relation between three different reference electrodes. If the potential of a metal M with respect to SHE is - 0.500 V, the value of this potential (in V) with respect to SCE is; (SHE: Standard Hydrogen Electrode, SCE: Saturated Calomel Electrode, CSE: Copper Sulphate Electrode)



- 0.741  
 0.741  
 - 0.259  
 0.259

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
- 0.741

2) Based on Q1, if the potential of a metal M with respect to CSE is 0.25 V, the value of this potential (in V) with respect to SHE is; 1 point

- 0.566  
 0.566  
 - 0.066  
 0.066

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
0.566

3) A Zinc rod is immersed in 0.5M ZnSO<sub>4</sub> solution. The standard chemical potential ( $\mu_{Zn^{2+}}^0$ ) for Zn<sup>2+</sup> ion is - 147030 J/mol. The value of chemical potential (kJ/mol) of Zn<sup>2+</sup> ion in the solution is; (Given: Activity coefficient  $\gamma_{Zn^{2+}} = 0.15$ ) 1 point

- (189 to 200)  
 - (99 to 110)  
 - (122 to 130)  
 - (147 to 158)

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
- (147 to 158)

4) The equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) for the reaction ZnO (s) + C (s) = Zn (s) + CO (g) at 1000 K is 5.5 x 10<sup>8</sup>. The standard entropy change ( $\Delta S^0$ ) associated with the reaction at 1000 K is 150.5 J/K/mol. The value of standard enthalpy change ( $\Delta H^0$ ) in kJ/mol for the given reaction at 1000 K is;

- (100 to 110)  
 - (12 to 22)  
 (52 to 64)  
 - (75 to 88)

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
- (12 to 22)

5) Which of the following is true for the standard reduction potential series? 1 point

- it indicates both thermodynamics and kinetics of corrosion  
 it lists the electrode potential of alloys  
 it lists the electrode potential of pure components  
 tendency of a pure component to passivate in a solution can be predicted

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
it lists the electrode potential of pure components

6) Consider the reduction reaction  $A^{3+} + 3e^- = A$ . The value of the standard reduction (V) potential of A is; (Given,  $\mu_{A^{3+}}^0 = - 58500$  J/mol,  $F = 96500$  coulomb) 1 point

- (0.18 to 0.25)  
 - (0.02 to 0.10)  
 - (0.55 to 0.60)  
 (0.18 to 0.25)

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
- (0.18 to 0.25)

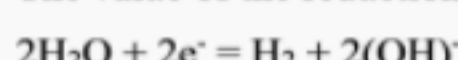
7) The value of reduction potential (V) at hydrogen electrode for hydrogen evolution reaction in a solution of pH 2 is; 1 point

- (0.24 to 0.30)  
 - (0.10 to 0.15)  
 (0.24 to 0.30)  
 (0.10 to 0.15)

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
- (0.10 to 0.15)

8) The value of the reduction potential (V) for the reaction as shown below is; 1 point



(Given:  $\mu_{OH^-}^0 = - 157147.1$  J/mol,  $\mu_{H_2O}^0 = - 236964.2$  J/mol,  $P_{H_2} = 1$  atm and pH = 12)

- (0.68 to 0.75)  
 - (0.45 to 0.52)  
 - (0.92 to 0.98)  
 - (0.10 to 0.18)

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
- (0.68 to 0.75)

9) The value of the reduction potential (in V) with respect to standard hydrogen electrode for the reaction as shown below is; 1 point



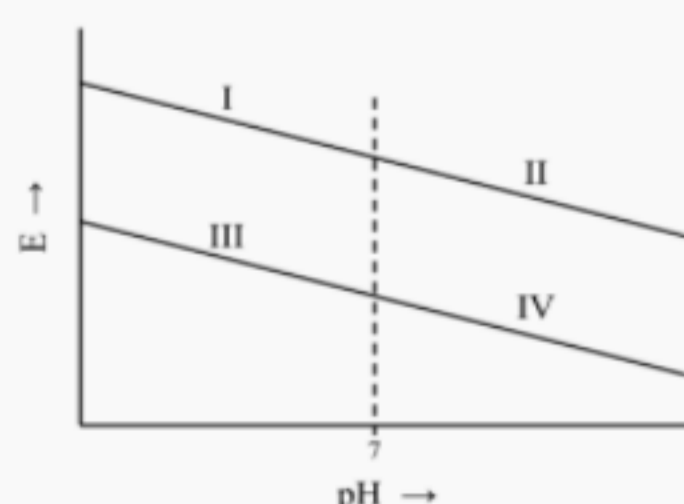
(Given:  $E_{O_2/A(OH)^-}^0 = 0.401$  V, pH = 10 and  $p_{O_2} = 1$  atm)

- (1.32 to 1.44)  
 (0.60 to 0.69)  
 - (0.55 to 0.68)  
 - (0.15 to 0.28)

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
(0.60 to 0.69)

10) Figure below shows the potential (E) vs pH diagram. Match set 1 with set 2 and mark the correct option. 1 point



**Set 1**

Line I

Line II

Line III

Line IV

**Set 2**

(A)  $O_2 + 2H_2O + 4e^- = 4OH^-$

(B)  $2H_2O + 2e^- = H_2 + 2OH^-$

(C)  $O_2 + 4H^+ + 4e^- = 2H_2O$

(D)  $2H^+ + 2e^- = H_2$

- I - C, II - A, III - D, IV - B  
 I - A, II - C, III - D, IV - B  
 I - C, II - D, III - A, IV - B  
 I - C, II - A, III - B, IV - D

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
I - C, II - A, III - D, IV - B