

Unit 4 - Week 3

Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

- 3.1 Beams - Example 1
- 3.2 Beams - BMD and SFD
- 3.3 Beams - Loading, Shear and Bending Moment Relations

○ Quiz : Assignment 3

○ Engineering Mechanics - Statics and Dynamics: Week 3 Feedback Form

○ Assignment 3 solutions

Week 4

Week 5

Week 6

Week 7

Week 8

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Assignment 3

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2020-02-19, 23:59 IST.

1) The supporting force R_A and moment M_A at A for the loaded cantilever beam as shown in Figure 1 are (CW stands for Clockwise and CCW stands for Counter Clockwise): **1 point**

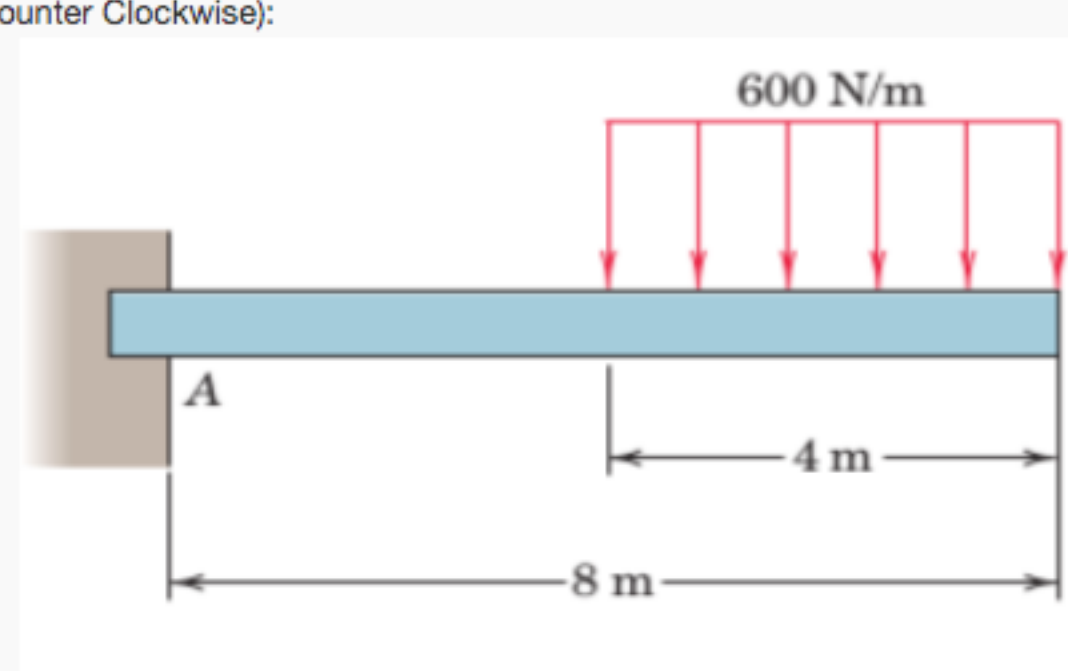


Figure 1: Figure for question No.1

- $R_A = 2.4 \text{ kN}, M_A = 14.4 \text{ kN.m CCW}$
- $R_A = 2.4 \text{ kN}, M_A = 0 \text{ kN.m}$
- $R_A = 2.4 \text{ kN}, M_A = 14.4 \text{ kN.m CW}$
- $R_A = 0 \text{ kN}, M_A = 14.4 \text{ kN.m CCW}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $R_A = 2.4 \text{ kN}, M_A = 14.4 \text{ kN.m CCW}$

2) A beam is subjected to the variable loading as shown in Figure 2. The support reactions at A and B are: **1 point**

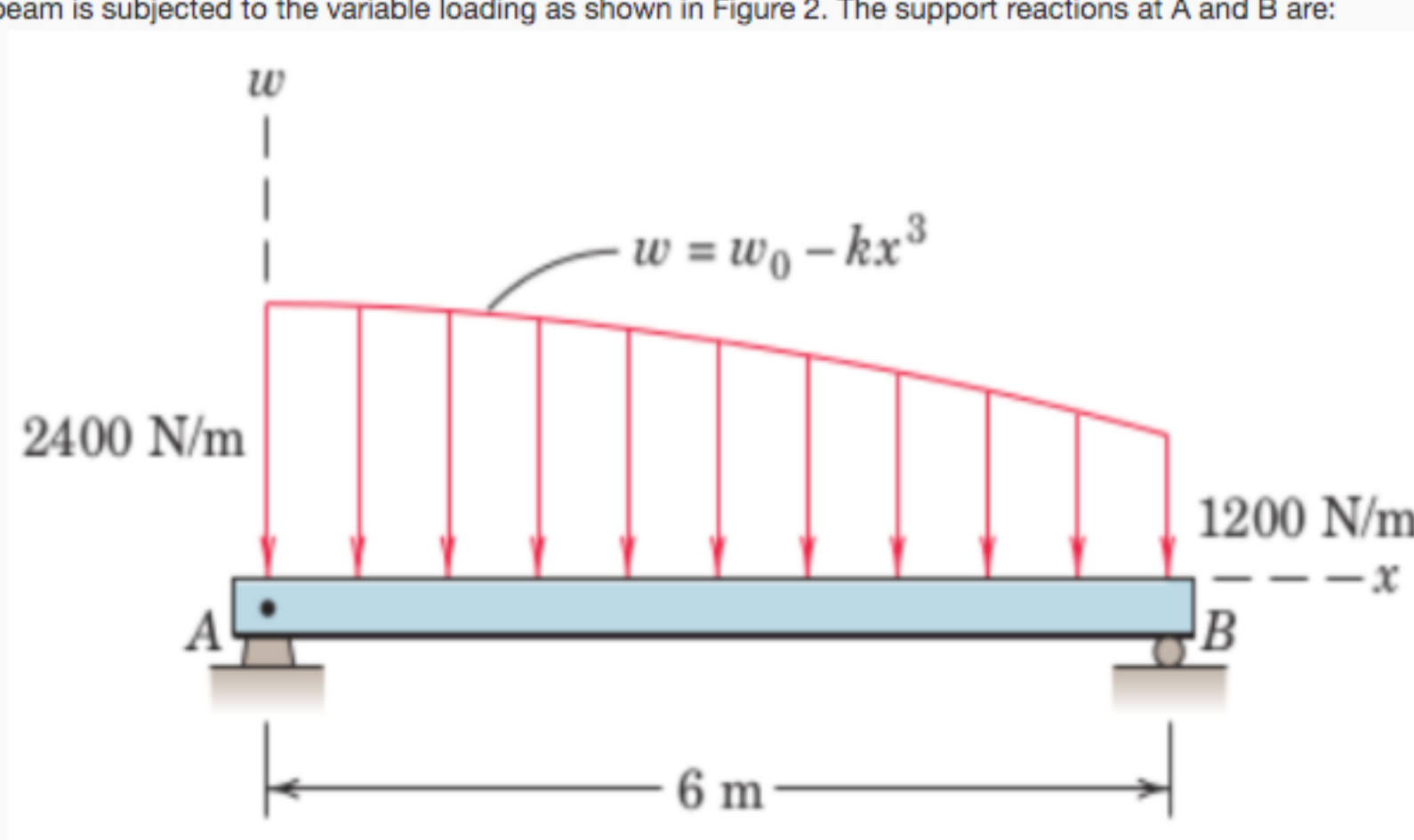


Figure 2: Figure for question No.2

- $R_A = 15.76 \text{ kN}, R_B = 16.84 \text{ kN}$
- $R_A = 5.76 \text{ kN}, R_B = 6.84 \text{ kN}$
- $R_A = 6.84 \text{ kN}, R_B = 5.76 \text{ kN}$
- $R_A = 16.84 \text{ kN}, R_B = 15.76 \text{ kN}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $R_A = 6.84 \text{ kN}, R_B = 5.76 \text{ kN}$

3) The reaction at A due to the uniform loading and the applied couple as shown in Figure 3 (CW stands for Clockwise and CCW stands for Counter Clockwise) is **1 point**

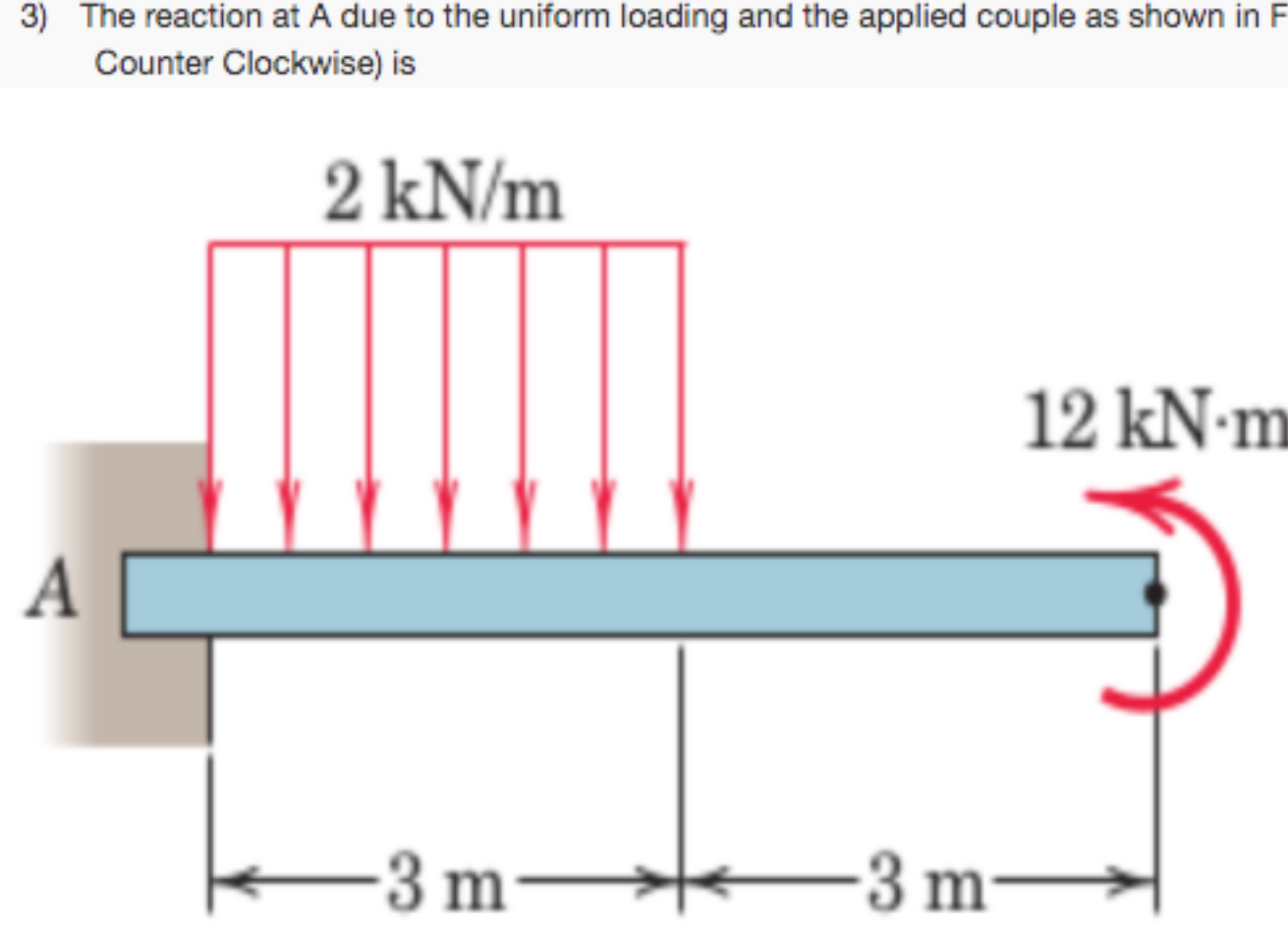


Figure 3: Figure for question No.3

- $R_A = 6 \text{ kN}, M_A = 3 \text{ kN.m CCW}$
- $R_A = 6 \text{ kN}, M_A = 3 \text{ kN.m CW}$
- $R_A = 3 \text{ kN}, M_A = 6 \text{ kN.m CW}$
- $R_A = 3 \text{ kN}, M_A = 6 \text{ kN.m CCW}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $R_A = 6 \text{ kN}, M_A = 3 \text{ kN.m CW}$

4) Consider the loaded cantilever beam as shown in the Figure 4. The magnitudes of shear force V and bending moment M produced in the beam at $x = l/2$ by the concentrated load are: **1 point**

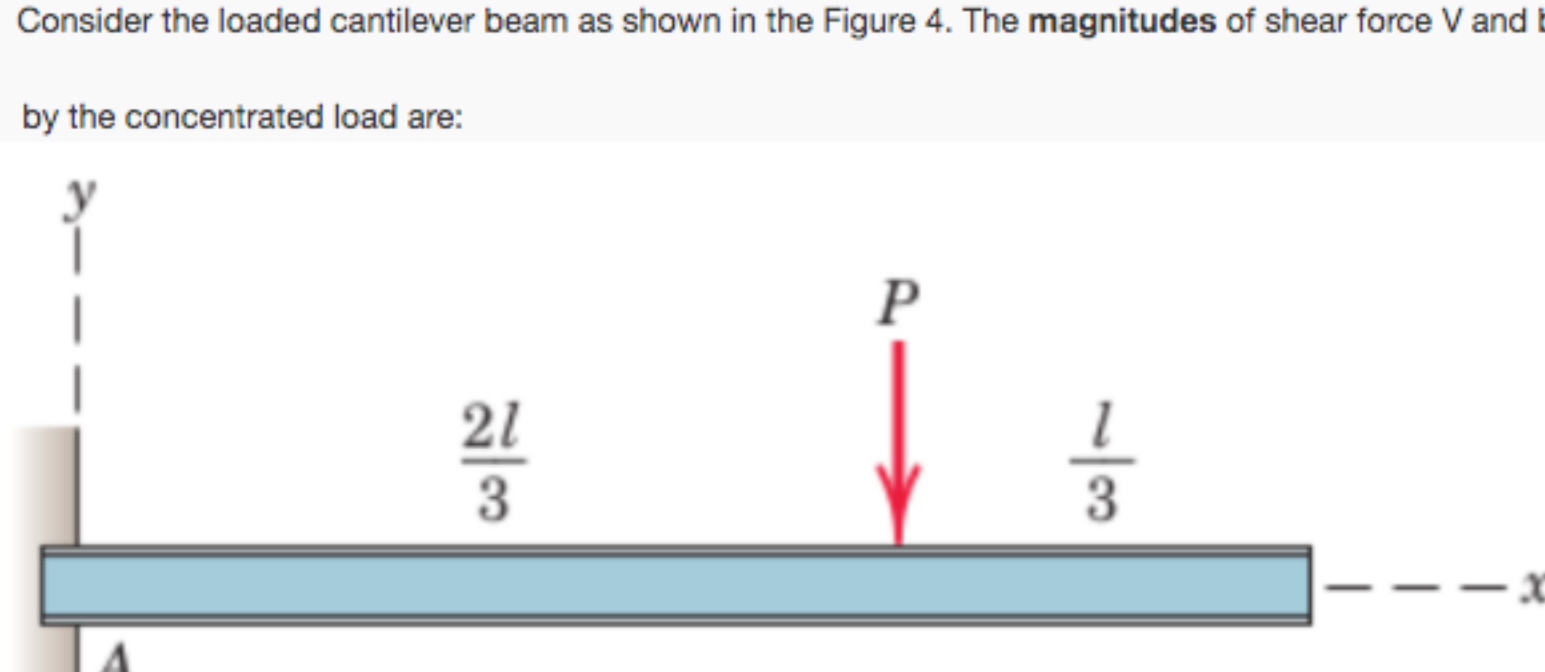


Figure 4: Figure for question No.4

- $V = 0.25P, M = \frac{Pl}{3}$
- $V = 0.5P, M = \frac{Pl}{4}$
- $V = P, M = \frac{Pl}{6}$
- $V = 2P, M = \frac{Pl}{2}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $V = P, M = \frac{Pl}{6}$

5) Consider the loaded simple supported beam as shown in Figure 5. The magnitudes of the shear force and bending-moment at the middle of the beam are **1 point**

(You can draw the shear-force and bending moment diagrams during solving)

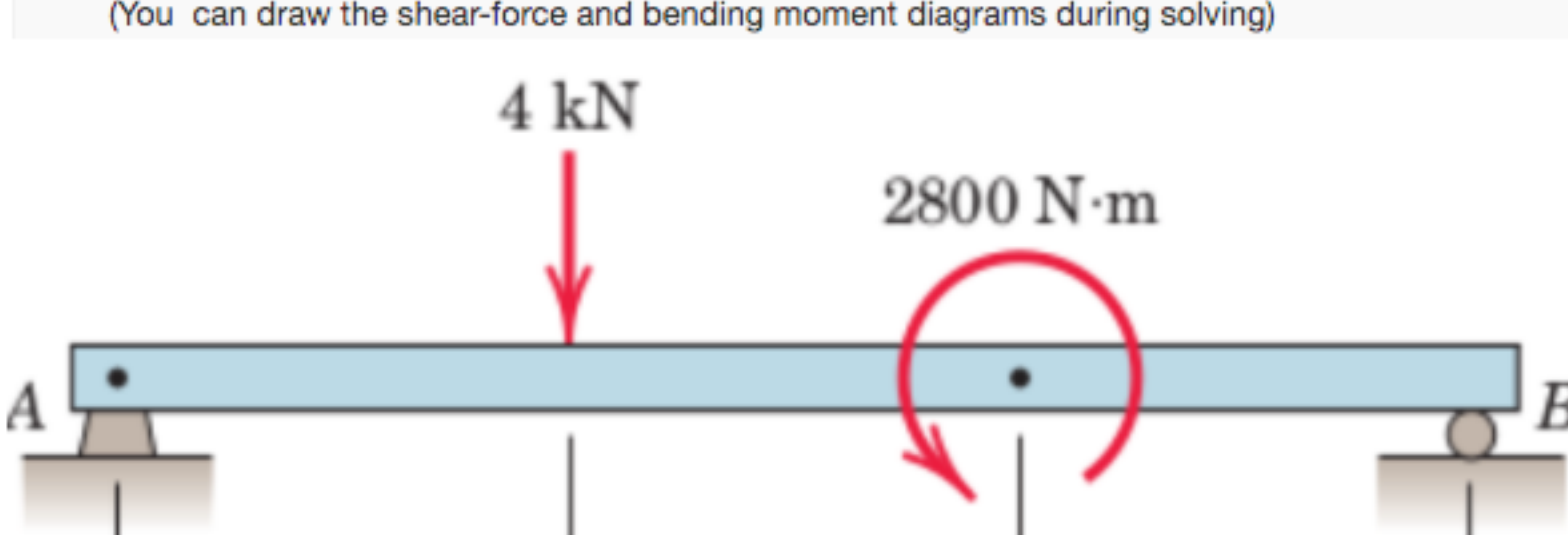


Figure 5: Figure for question No.5

- 200 N, 3400 N.m
- 800 N, 2400 N.m
- 400 N, 3400 N.m
- 600 N, 3400 N.m

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: 400 N, 3400 N.m

6) The beam supports a uniform unit load w as shown in Figure 6. Determine the location x of the two supports so as to minimize the maximum bending moment M_{max} in the beam and specify the expression of M_{max} . (Choose the correct option) **1 point**

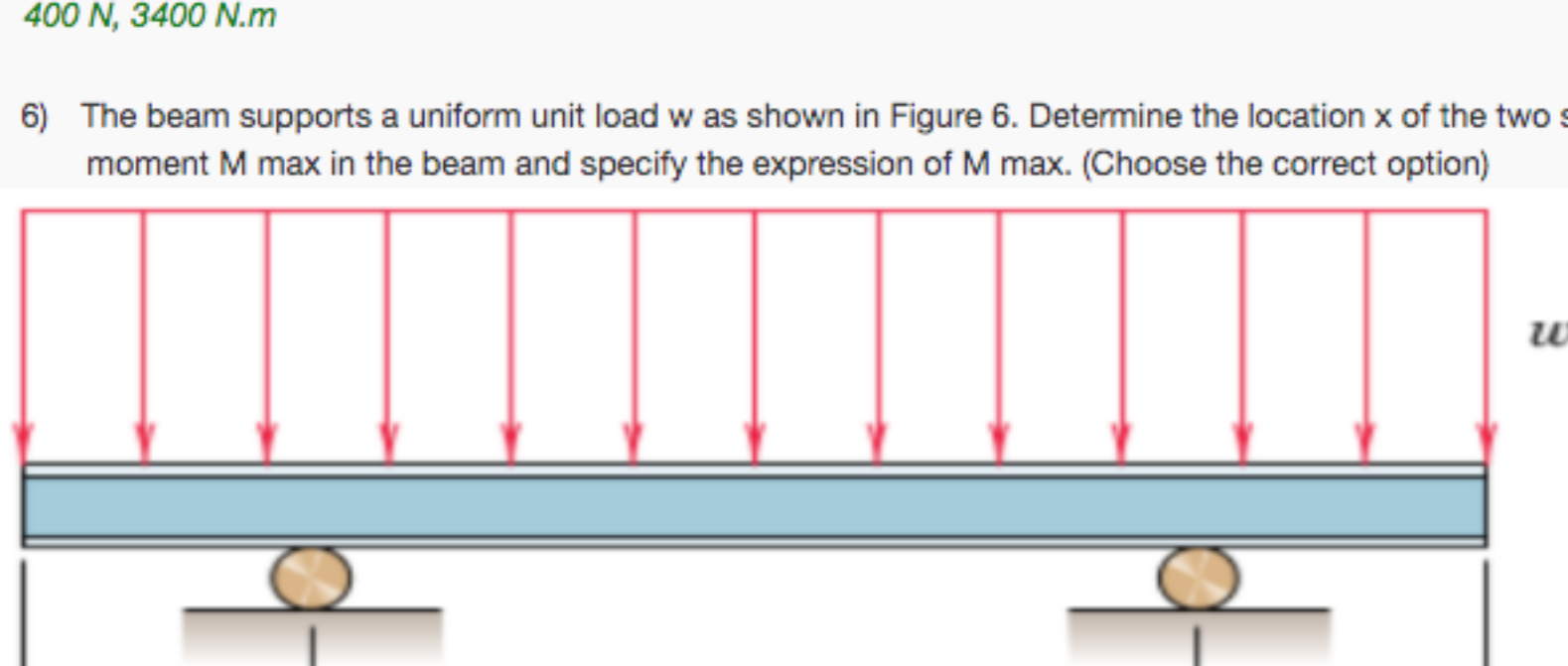


Figure 6: Figure for question No.6

- $x = 0.207L, M_{max} = 0.0214wL^2$
- $x = 20.7L, M_{max} = 0.0214wL^2$
- $x = 0.207L, M_{max} = 21.4wL^2$
- None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $x = 0.207L, M_{max} = 0.0214wL^2$

7) Consider the loaded simple supported beam shown in Figure 7. The maximum bending moment M_{max} produced in the beam due to this loading is **1 point**

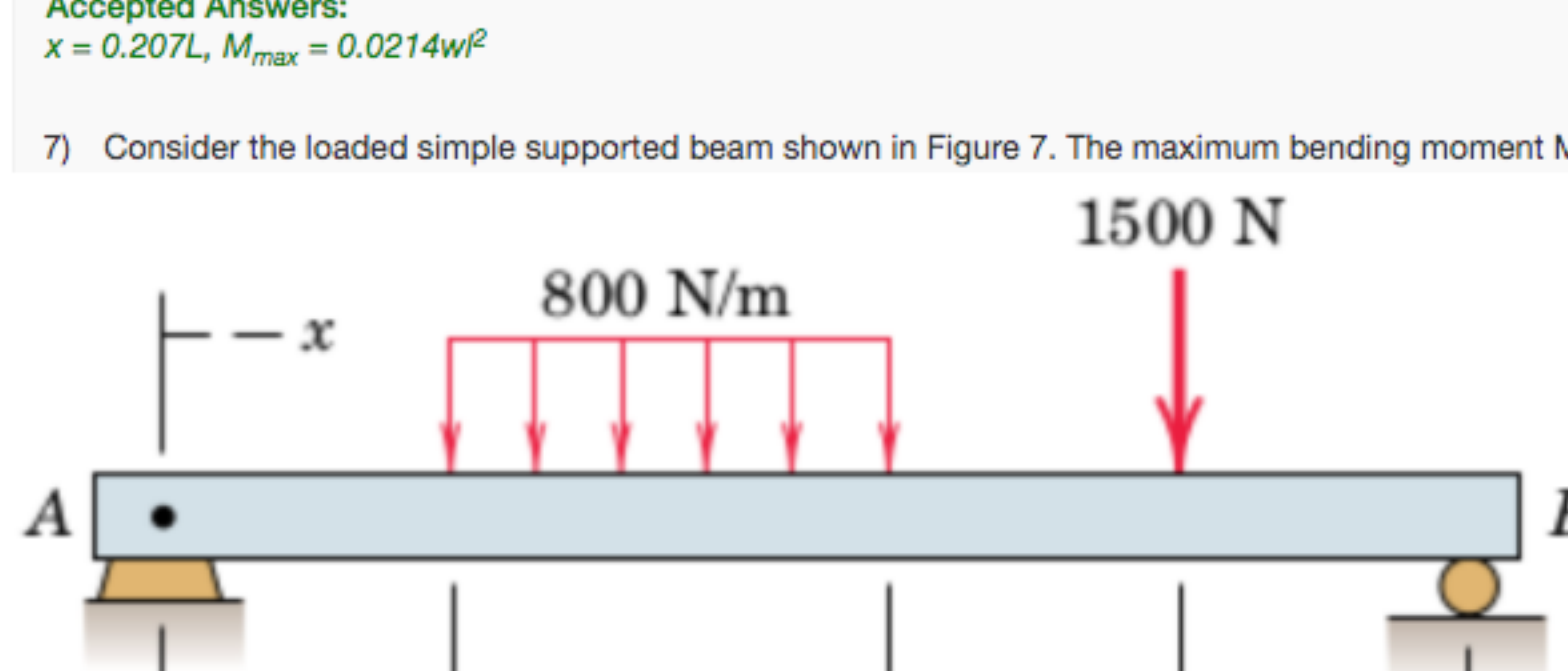


Figure 7: Figure for question No.7

- $M_{max} = 5620 \text{ N.m}$
- $M_{max} = 6520 \text{ N.m}$
- $M_{max} = 2810 \text{ N.m}$
- $M_{max} = 1405 \text{ N.m}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $M_{max} = 5620 \text{ N.m}$

8) Repeat Problem.7, where the 1500 N load has been replaced by the 4.2 kN.m couple. Now the maximum bending moment M_{max} produced in the beam due to loading will be (see Figure 8) **1 point**

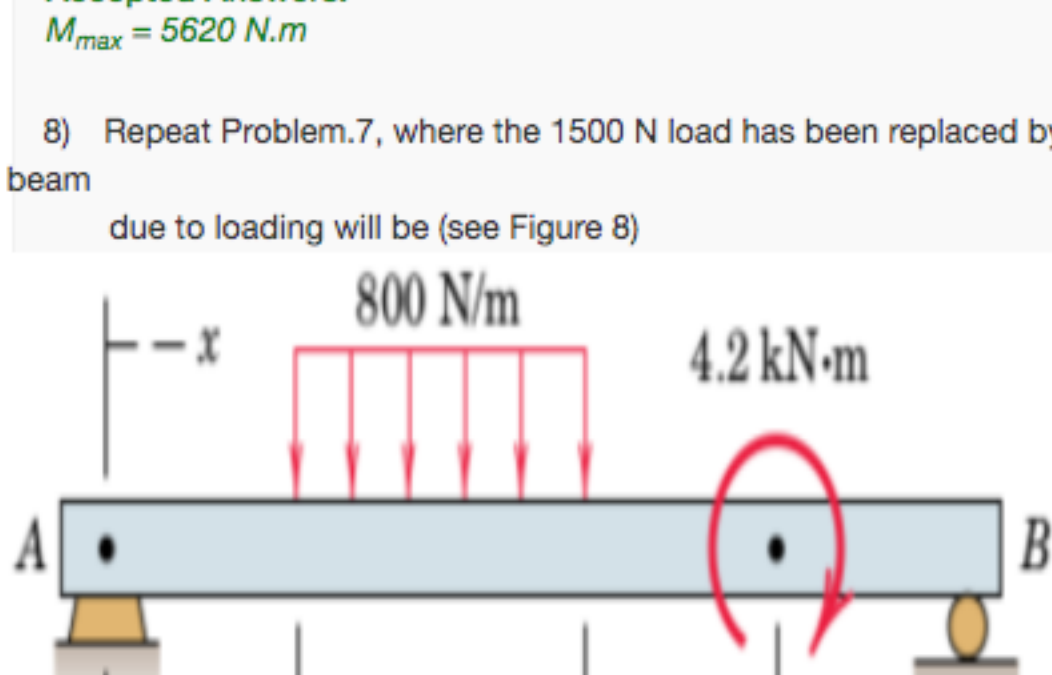


Figure 8: Figure for question No.8

- $M_{max} = 2800 \text{ N.m}$
- $M_{max} = 1400 \text{ N.m}$
- $M_{max} = 2400 \text{ N.m}$
- $M_{max} = 400 \text{ N.m}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $M_{max} = 2800 \text{ N.m}$

9) The high and 1.5m wide rectangular frame ABCD is loaded with a 1.5 kN horizontal force at B and a 2 kN vertical force at C as shown in Figure 9. The magnitudes of internal forces (shear - V , tension/compression - T) and moments (bending moment - M) at the mid-section e-e of the vertical leg AB will be **1 point**

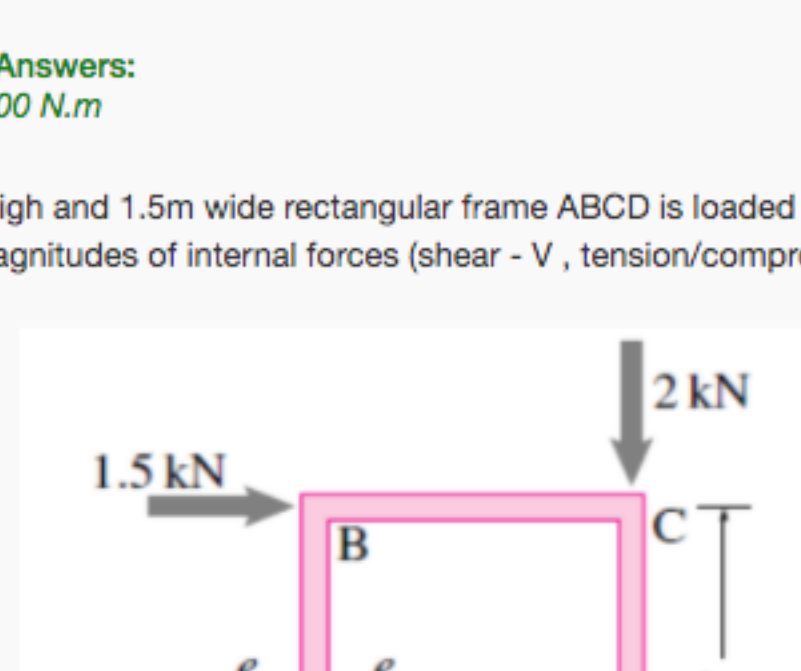


Figure 9: Figure for question No.9

- $V = 3.5 \text{ kN}, T = 2.5 \text{ kN}, M = 3.5 \text{ kN.m}$
- $V = 1.5 \text{ kN}, T = 2 \text{ kN}, M = 1.5 \text{ kN.m}$
- $V = 1.5 \text{ kN}, T = 1.5 \text{ kN}, M = 1.5 \text{ kN.m}$
- $V = 1.5 \text{ kN}, T = 2.5 \text{ kN}, M = 1.5 \text{ kN.m}$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: $V = 1.5 \text{ kN}, T = 2 \text{ kN}, M = 1.5 \text{ kN.m}$