

## Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

## Assignment 0

## Lecture Material

## Week 1

## Week 2

## Week 3

## Week 4

## Week 5

- Lecture 24 : Boundary Value Problems

- Lecture 25 : Boundary Value Problems - p2

- Lecture 26 : Regular Perturbation for ODE

- Lecture 27 : Singular Perturbation for ODE

- Lecture 28 : 2D Boundary Values Problems

- Quiz : Assignment 5

- Feedback Form

## Week 6

## Week 7

## Week 8

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## Detailed Solution

## Live Interactive Session

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# Assignment 5

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2021-02-24, 23:59 IST.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

- 1) In python, to extract a diagonal or construct a diagonal array, which function is used? 1 point

- a. numpy.cumsum()
- b. numpy.trapz()
- c. numpy.diag()
- d. numpy.mod()

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

c. `numpy.diag()`

- 2) For the command `numpy.diag(v, k)`, to extract the diagonals above the main diagonal, the parameter k should be 1 point

- a. k=0
- b. k>0
- c. k<0
- d. None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

b. `k>0`

- 3) To compute the (multiplicative) inverse of a matrix in python, which function should be used? 1 point

- a. linalg.inv()
- b. linalg.lstsq()
- c. linalg.pinv()
- d. None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

a. `linalg.inv()`

- 4) Which function should be used to generate a compressed Sparse Column matrix in python? 1 point

- a. scipy.sparse.bsr\_matrix
- b. scipy.sparse.csc\_matrix
- c. scipy.sparse.csr\_matrix
- d. scipy.sparse.coo\_matrix

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

b. `scipy.sparse.csc_matrix`

- 5) In python, to solve the sparse linear system  $Ax=b$ , where  $b$  may be a vector or a matrix, which function should be used? 1 point

- a. scipy.sparse.linalg.spsolve\_triangular()
- b. scipy.sparse.linalg.spsolve()
- c. scipy.sparse.linalg.factorized()
- d. None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

b. `scipy.sparse.linalg.spsolve()`

- 6) Which function in python, numerically solves a first order system of ODEs subject to two-point boundary conditions? 1 point

- a. scipy.integrate.solve\_ivp
- b. scipy.integrate.solve\_bvp
- c. scipy.integrate.romb
- d. scipy.integrate.nquad

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

b. `scipy.integrate.solve_bvp`

- 7) The smallest value of the standard Pareto distribution is \_\_\_\_\_. 1 point

- a. 0
- b. 0.5
- c. 1
- d. -1

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

c. 1

- 8) In python, which function returns the cumulative sum of the elements along a given axis? 1 point

- a. numpy.mod()
- b. numpy.cumsum()
- c. scipy.integrate.cumtrapz()
- d. None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

b. `numpy.cumsum()`

- 9) Which function in python returns the element-wise remainder of division? 1 point

- a. scipy.integrate.cumtrapz()
- b. numpy.cumsum()
- c. numpy.trapz()
- d. numpy.mod()

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

d. `numpy.mod()`

- 10) The function `numpy.random.standard_normal`, returns samples from a Standard Normal distribution with mean=\_\_\_\_\_ and standard deviation=\_\_\_\_\_. 1 point

- a. 0 and 1
- b. 1 and 0
- c. 0 and 0.5
- d. 0.5 and 1

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

a. 0 and 1