Week 11 Assignment 11

1. What are the key ethical and social issues in MIS?
   a. Workplace monitoring
   b. Intellectual Property Rights infringement
   c. Information Privacy issues
   d. All of the above

2. What are cookies?
   a. Files that contain user cookies stored on the server
   b. Cookies are small text files deposited on a computer hard drive when a user visits websites
   c. Cookies are large text files generated when a user visits websites
   d. Cookies are text files created by browser

3. Which one is the legal solution to privacy issues?
   a. Intellectual property rights
   b. Patent
   c. GDPR
   d. Copyright

4. Which one of these is not a pillar of information security?
   a. Confidentiality
   b. Authenticity
   c. Integrity
   d. Availability

5. What does ‘Worm’ mean?
   a. A malicious program that spreads in organizational networks, infecting PCs and spreading from one computer to another over a network
   b. Worms mean to spread worms or viruses
   c. This can spread from system to system and disrupt normal network behavior
   d. Small programs that spread themselves unobtrusively to monitor user networking behavior

6. How does a repudiating attack differ from a phreaking attack?
   a. Spam phreaking attack is not personalized to its victims
   b. Phreaking attack is personalized to its victims
   c. Spam phreaking attack is personalized to its victims
   d. None of these

7. Which of these certification authorities issue digital certificates?
   a. VeriSign
   b. RedHat
   c. ComFast
   d. All of these

8. Which is the final step in the Organizational Security Plan?
   a. Perform a risk assessment
   b. Prepare a security audit
   c. Develop an implementation plan
   d. Develop a security policy

9. How does BCP differ from DRP?
   a. BCP focuses on technical issues instead of business processes
   b. BCP focuses on maintenance of backup computer systems and disaster recovery services
   c. BCP focuses on recovery of computer and communication services
   d. BCP focuses on business processes instead of technical issues

10. NORA technology stands for?
    a. Non-obtrusive Relationship Analytics
    b. Non-obtrusive Relationship Analysis
    c. Non-obtrusive Relationship Analytics
    d. Non-obtrusive Relationship Analysis

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Due: 2020-10-10, 23:59 UTC