Assignment 8

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. Due on 2021-03-17, 23:59 IST.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

1. According to Utton Beck, social sciences are undergoing a radical transformation in the context of Globalization and it is forcing a change in paradigms from methodological nationalism to ________. 
   (1 point)

2. Beck makes a conceptual distinction between “international” and “transnational” because ________.
   (1 point)
   - “international” assumes essential national identity and self-perception while “transnational” assumes nations are not separate, homogenous entities from one another.
   - “international” assumes essential national identity and self-perception while “transnational” assumes nations are separate, homogenous entities from one another.
   - “international” corresponds to the image of “multiculturalism” while “transnational” corresponds to the image of “internationalization”.
   - None of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: “international” assumes essential national identity and self-perception while “transnational” assumes nations are separate, homogenous entities from one another.

3. Which of the following is not the “answer consequence” of the meta-power of globally economy, according to Beck’s work? 
   (1 point)
   - Rules of the game in world politics become “clearly international”.
   - “Neo-invasion” of markets becomes the threat for national economies.
   - Rise of corporate capitalism.
   - Birth of the global just.
   - All of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: “Neo-invasion” of markets becomes the threat for national economies.

4. Put Ulrich Beck, which of the following are major elements of instability for neo-liberal regime in a globalizing world? 
   (1 point)
   - Tension between free market and democracy.
   - Crisis of financial instability, especially in global south and emerging markets.
   - Environmental and technological risks.
   - Globalization and political risks.
   - Global environmental and technological risks.
   - All of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: Globalization and political risks, Environmental and technological risks.

5. What is the central premise of the two-level model of state and politics that Beck discusses in his third thesis on cosmopolitan states? 
   (1 point)
   - The tension between migration and mobility.
   - The tension between minimal state and sovereign states in the spheres of security and repression.
   - The tension between growing influence of transnational political authorities and nation-states.
   - None of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: The tension between growing influence of transnational political authorities and nation-states.

6. Which of the following statement is true according to Beck’s understanding of autonomy and sovereignty in a globalized world? 
   (1 point)
   - The loss of national sovereignty will consequently lead to loss of national sovereignty.
   - Methodological nationalism is based on distinction between autonomy and sovereignty.
   - Transnational state cooperation will necessarily undermine national sovereignty.
   - Though transnational state cooperation will necessarily lead to loss of autonomy, it will result in a gain of national sovereignty as the state is more engaged in solving pressing political problems.
   - All the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: The loss of national sovereignty will consequently lead to loss of national sovereignty, Methodological nationalism is based on distinction between autonomy and sovereignty.

7. What is the central thesis of Ulrich Beck on “Risk Society”? 
   (1 point)
   - The advanced industrial societies are most immune from social production of risk.
   - Social productions of wealth greatest in hand with social production of risk.
   - Underdevelopment of productive techniques will lead to social production of risk.
   - All of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: Social productions of wealth greatest in hand with social production of risk.

8. According to Beck, “Risk situations cannot be understood as class situations”, because ________.
   (1 point)
   - Social determinations and social hierarchies have a mediating effect on risk.
   - Class differences will get deciphered as the becomes the basis of social organization.
   - Risks objectively have an equalizing effect in respect to the range and degree of people’s exposure, irrespective of their class position.
   - All of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: Risks objectively have an equalizing effect in respect to the range and degree of people’s exposure, irrespective of their class position.

9. What does Beck mean by the political potential for a “drift state” in a risk society? 
   (1 point)
   - The condition of risk society will give rise to a more controlled, authoritarian and transnational state.
   - Conditions of risk society will necessarily undermine the legitimacy of state power, horses will tend to a weak state.
   - The bureaucratic state of the data will take over the representative and political elements of the democratic state.
   - All of the above.
   - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
   - Accepted Answers: Conditions of risk society will necessarily undermine the legitimacy of state power, horses will tend to a weak state.

10. The new variant of individualization in risk society, where the individual must cope with the uncertainty of the global world, firm or Israel is termed as ________.
    (1 point)
    - Cosmopolitan Individualization
    - Postnational Individualization
    - Demotic Individualization
    - All of the above.
    - No answer is correct, Scanned 8.
    - Accepted Answers: Postnational Individualization.