Assignment 5

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

Due on 2021-02-24, 23:59 IST.

1) Which of the following are the major arguments of Giddens book ‘Runaway World’ in relation to globalization?
   - Globalization made our life unpredictable which was contrary to the premise of modernity.
   - Emergence of religious fundamentalism as a reaction to the breakdown of traditions.
   - Globalization produces a heightened need to manage transformations rather than resigning to the runaway world.
   - All of the above
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: All of the above

2) Which of the following is a well-articulated critique of Giddens arguments on globalization?
   - Giddens work is now in a description rather than an explanation.
   - Giddens explains globalization on the basis of the theories of modernity.
   - Giddens questions the very existence of globalization.
   - Giddens concept of time-space-disembedding runs the risk of being mechanistic and over-simplistic.
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: Giddens questions the very existence of globalization.

3) What were the major arguments of the book ‘The postmodern condition’ written by Lyotard?
   - Lyotard criticized the universality and totality tendencies of the theories of modernity.
   - Lyotard negated the linear deterministic progress of history.
   - Lyotard called the total autonomy of the individual.
   - Both a and b
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: Both a and b

4) Which of the following is a critique of the politics of possibility by Habermas?
   - Politics of possibility emphasize people to come together and form larger alliances.
   - Politics of possibility compromises with the named forms of capitalism.
   - Politics of possibility is progressive in nature.
   - Politics of possibility influences the economic base of capitalism
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: Politics of possibility compromises with the named forms of capitalism.

5) Which of the following is the difference between inclusive modernity and postmodernity?
   - Postmodern theorists believe in the de-structuring of society, and de-conceptualization of social sciences.
   - Relativism modernity believes in the re-structuring of society and re-conceptualization of social sciences.
   - Theorists of postmodernism believe in the dominance of science.
   - Both a and b
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: Both a and b

6) Which among the following is not a premise of first modern society?
   - Flexible employment practices.
   - Nation-state societies defined by territorially bounded nations.
   - First modern societies distinguished themselves by individuation.
   - Principle of functional differentiation.
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: Flexible employment practices.

7) Who argued that the transition to modernity involved the change from the dominance of the past to the dominance of future?
   - David Harvey
   - Richard Knibbs
   - Anthony Giddens
   - Ulrich Beck
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: Richard Knibbs

8) Which of the following is related to Bock’s idea of second modern society?
   - The wide effects of modern western society puts its touchstone ideas in question.
   - The wide effects of modern western society besides with the modern society produces a post-modern society.
   - The second modern society begins with the argument over the worthlessness of modernization.
   - None of the above
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: The wide effects of modern western society puts its touchstone ideas in question.

9) Distinguish between the individual subjectivities of first and second modernity.
   - First modernity is related with the reification and the second modernity is about recontextualization.
   - Individuals of the modernity find no time to be reified and individuals in the second modernity are more reflective due to the slow pace of change.
   - First modernity is related with the reflection of individuals and the second modernity is associated with reification.
   - Individuals of the modernity are neither reflective nor recontextual whereas the individuals of second modernity are both reflective and recontextual.
   - No, the answer is incorrect.
   - Score: 5
   - Accepted Answers: First modernity is related with the reification of individuals and the second modernity is associated with reification.

10) Who formalized the concept of ‘Real society’?
    - Arjun Appadurai
    - David Harvey
    - Richard Knibbs
    - Ulrich Beck
    - No, the answer is incorrect.
    - Score: 5
    - Accepted Answers: Ulrich Beck