Unit 4 - Week 3

Assignment 3

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

1. According to Marxist theory, the basic unit of society is
   a. the family
   b. the government
   c. the individual
   d. the state
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: The individual

2. In Latin the word “liber” means
   a. freedom
   b. law
   c. free
   d. being free, with rights
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: Free

3. Which of these philosophers is one of the founding figures of liberalism?
   a. John Locke
   b. Immanuel Kant
   c. Voltaire
   d. John Stuart Mill
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: John Locke

4. The history of liberalism is historically associated with the spread of
   a. imperialism
   b. communism
   c. nationalism
   d. protectionism
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: imperialism

5. Modern liberalism is
   a. radically different from classical liberalism
   b. a modified version of classical liberalism
   c. closer to socialism than to liberalism
   d. an attempt to define the public interest as the nature of the free market
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: A modified version of classical liberalism

6. For liberals, all government is
   a. judicial tyranny
   b. the natural order of society
   c. the power of the people
   d. the authority of the individual or family achievement
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: A judicial tyranny

7. Liberalism and representative democracy are
   a. fully compatible
   b. completely incompatible
   c. only compatible in a permanent state of tension
   d. only compatible when constitutional government takes priority over representative government
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: In a permanent state of tension

8. In liberal thought, clashes of rights can be solved
   a. by cost-benefit calculations
   b. by resolving the conflict between the content of the respective rights claims
   c. by deciding which of the rights involved can be justified and which cannot
   d. by no conceptual resources within liberalism
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: A cost-benefit calculation

9. Which are the two countries that describe themselves as having multicultural societies?
   a. China and India
   b. China and Australia
   c. Canada and Australia
   d. United States and Japan
   [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
   Accepted Answer: Canada and Australia

10. In a liberal state, the distinction between procedural and substantive rights is
    a. fully relevant
    b. relevant but limited by the non-existence of political rights claims
    c. instrument and understandable
    d. negligible
    [Q: the answer is incorrect, Score: 0]
    Accepted Answer: Instrument and understandable

Due on 2020-02-18, 23:59 IST.