Assignment 11

Instructions:

1) Nationalism

   a) Masses or many forms
   b) A single form
   c) Only one form
   d) Only an abstract form

   Accepted Answer: Many forms

2) According to certain analysts, nations are

   a) Organic entities like families
   b) Communities founded by those with wealth and power to dominate their class interests
   c) Communities with the territory they occupy
   d) More like legal entities, each of which has a range of cultural, linguistic, and other interests.

   Accepted Answer: Not answer is correct.

3) The principle of national self-determination

   a) Has caused political chaos and territorial violence
   b) Is enshrined in Article 1 of the UN Charter and has been a key element in the achievement of independence by colonized territories
   c) A was a stable era of colonialism and colonial subjugation
   d) Rely on assumed common uses of language, religion, and other factors

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

4) Liberal nationalism

   a) Progressive principles
   b) Progressive principles such as the right to self-government and the right to non-interventions by other nations
   c) Identifiable principles
   d) An incremental concept of national membership

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

5) Conservative nationalism

   a) Provides a stabilizing and unifying ideology for any given nation
   b) The only way to respond to the challenges of globalization
   c) Lends towards authoritarian, militaristic, and other racist xenophobies
   d) Reflects economic protectionism

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

6) The idea of the nation-state

   a) Subordinates human rights to the principle of nationalism
   b) Ensures the protection of human rights by nation-states
   c) Makes it easy for people to identify with a country
   d) Makes all nation-states equal participants in the global system

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

7) Nationalism as an organizing principle is

   a) Completely consistent with the principle of statehood
   b) Completely incompatible with the principle of statehood
   c) The underlying principle of statehood
   d) Total subordinates the idea of statehood

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

8) In today's world, being stateless

   a) Is equivalent to being a convicted criminal
   b) Is a serious problem
   c) Occurs in physical existence and nothing else
   d) None of the above

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

9) Anti-colonial nationalism

   a) Creates a sense of the nation unburdened by external subjugation and its economic and cultural consequences
   b) Shows many of the problems inherent in other forms of nationalism
   c) Refers to colonial-era ideas of nation, state, and so on
   d) Has a colonial context

   Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.

10) Claims to national independence without claiming to ethnic, religious, or linguistic identity - or other such forms of identity are

    a) National
    b) Unnational
    c) Claims to statehood and corresponding many of the problems of nationalism
    d) Based on assumptions about national identity

    Accepted Answer: A is correct. B is not correct.