

# Unit 10 - Fabrication of Microchip for Rapid Drug Screening

## Course outline

### How to access the portal

### Introduction

### Introduction to MEMS-based Sensors

### Fundamentals of Fabrication Techniques

### Fundamentals of Fabrication Techniques contd...

### Fundamentals of Fabrication Techniques contd...

### Application of Fabrication Technology

### Fabrication of Sensors for Cancer Diagnosis

### Fabrication of a Device to Determine Efficacy of Drugs

### Fabrication of Microchip for Rapid Drug Screening

#### ● Microchip for Rapid Drug Screening

#### ○ Microchip for Rapid Drug Screening contd...

#### ● Microfluidic Chip for Rapid Bacterial Antibiotic Susceptibility Testing

#### ○ Week 8 Assignment Solutions

#### ○ Quiz : Week 8 Assignment

### Fabrication of a Smart Catheter

### Lab: Introduction to Cleanroom and Cleanroom Equipments

### Lab: Introduction to Equipments in Cleanroom

### Lab: Cleanroom Equipments and Demonstration

### Text Transcripts

## Week 8 Assignment

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.  
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

**Due on 2019-09-25, 23:59 IST.**

1) *in vivo* situation of our body can be mimicked most faithfully by: 1 point

- IDE structure
- Microfluidic chips
- Micro-tubules with peristaltic pump
- All of these individually can mimic

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*Microfluidic chips*

2) A micro-heater is fabricated on silicon wafer followed by deposition of insulation layer. A metal layer is deposited and is patterned to get IDE structure. The fabrication process of this device is a \_\_\_\_\_ mask process. 1 point

- One
- Two
- Three
- It is user dependent and cannot be predicted

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*Three*

3) In fabrication of microfluidic devices, PDMS can be used. PDMS belongs to the group of materials, commonly referred to as silicones. Generally, PDMS is patterned by \_\_\_\_\_. 1 point

- Optical lithography
- Soft lithography
- E-beam lithography
- All of these

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*Soft lithography*

4) The following statement is related to the experimental results that were discussed for the antibiotic susceptibility testing microfluidic chip: 1 point

"Upon addition of antibiotic drug to the microfluidic chip containing the captured bacteria the normalized impedance decreased"

Is the above statement true or false?

- True
- False

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*False*

5) Consider following statements related to the microfluidic chip for rapid drug screening that was discussed 1 point

I. The substrate used was silicon wafer

II. The electrical sensor (Interdigitated electrodes) were patterned directly on top of the NiCr microheater.

Which of the above statements are true?

- I only
- II only
- Both I and II
- Neither I nor II

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*Neither I nor II*

6) With regard to the microfluidic chip for rapid drug screening that was discussed evaluate whether the following statement is true or false? 1 point

"The normalised impedance of the drug susceptible cancer cells decreased upon addition of the drug"

- True
- False

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*True*

7) In the microfluidic chip for rapid antibiotic susceptibility testing that you have seen in the lectures, the antibody was used for what purpose? 1 point

- To capture the antibiotics when they are introduced
- To capture the bacteria from the sample
- To ensure better bacterial growth during incubation after adding antibiotic drug
- To enhance the killing of the bacteria by the drug

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*To capture the bacteria from the sample*

8) For fabrication of SU-8 pillars, which one is the standard process flow: 1 point

- Photoresist coating, Soft bake (at 363 K), UV exposure, Development, Hard bake (at 393 K)
- Photoresist coating, Soft bake (at 338 K), UV exposure, Development, Hard bake (at 368 K)
- Photoresist coating, Soft bake (at 363 K), UV exposure, Hard bake (at 393 K), Development
- Photoresist coating, Soft bake (at 338 K), UV exposure, Hard bake (at 368 K), Development

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*Photoresist coating, Soft bake (at 338 K), UV exposure, Hard bake (at 368 K), Development*

9) Why heater is required in drug screening device? 1 point

- At elevated temperature sensitivity increases
- Matrigel is stable only at elevated temperature (~ 320K)
- To maintain normal human body temperature on the chip
- All of these

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*To maintain normal human body temperature on the chip*

10) Static platform for determining efficacy of drug gives result different than the dynamic systems. The reason behind it is: 1 point

- Human body is a dynamic system. So, it cannot be replicated properly using static system
- Drugs cannot be properly placed on the tissue in static system
- Human body acts as static system. So, statement is false
- Human body may be a dynamic system, but static replication gives same result as dynamic system gives

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:  
*Human body is a dynamic system. So, it cannot be replicated properly using static system*