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[NPTEL \(https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL\)](https://swayam.gov.in/explorer?ncCode=NPTEL) » [A brief introduction of Micro-Sensors \(course\)](#)
[Announcements \(announcements\)](#)    [About the Course \(https://swayam.gov.in/nd1\\_noc20\\_ee52/preview\)](#)
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## Unit 3 - Week 1

### Course outline

#### How does an NPTEL online course work?

#### Week 0

#### Week 1

- Introduction to Microscale Sensors or MEMS (unit? unit=19&lesson=21)
- Scaling effect (unit? unit=19&lesson=22)
- Some Simple Mechanics (unit? unit=19&lesson=23)
- Basic Mechanics - Part 01 (unit? unit=19&lesson=24)
- Basic Mechanics - Part 02 (unit? unit=19&lesson=25)
- Basic Mechanics -

## Assignment 1

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. **Due on 2020-02-12, 23:59 IST.**  
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

1) Mark the correct work flow of a MEMS force sensor: -

**1 point**

- External force – Moving structure – Deflection of moving structure – calculate applied force – Measuring deflection
- External force – calculate applied force – Deflection of moving structure – Moving structure – Measuring deflection
- External force – Moving structure – Deflection of moving structure – Measuring deflection – calculate applied force
- Moving structure – Measuring deflection – External force – Deflection of moving structure – calculate applied force.

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

*External force – Moving structure – Deflection of moving structure – Measuring deflection – calculate applied force*

2) What is the critical length (in mm) for a glass cube having density  $2500 \text{ Kg/m}^3$  to float on a fluid having surface tension  $27.56 \text{ mN/m}$  ? Neglect the buoyancy force acting on block (Take  $g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ ).

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

*(Type: Range) 1.9,2.3*

**2 points**

Part 03 (unit?  
unit=19&lesson=26)

Week 1 Lecture  
Materials (unit?  
unit=19&lesson=49)

Quiz :  
**Assignment 1**  
(assessment?  
name=20)

A brief  
introduction of  
Micro-Sensors:  
Week 1  
Feedback form  
(unit?  
unit=19&lesson=45)

Assignment 1 -  
Solution (unit?  
unit=19&lesson=58)

**Week 2**

**Week 3**

**Week 4**

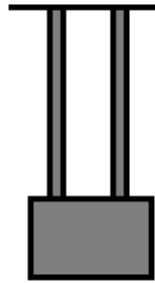
**Week 5**

**Week 6**

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VIDEOS**

**Text Transcripts**

3) A block is hanging vertically downwards by 2 parallel beams of width  $W$ , length  $L$  and depth  $H$ . The beam material has elasticity  $E$ . What will be the equivalent spring constant of such a system? **2 points**



$\frac{WHE}{L}$

$\frac{WHE}{2L}$

$\frac{2WHE}{L}$

$\frac{WHE}{4L}$

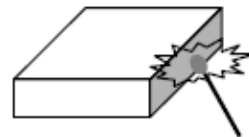
No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$\frac{2WHE}{L}$

4) Figure below shows a matchbox. Assume that each matchstick is 50 mm long and has cross-sectional area  $4 \text{ mm}^2$ . Assume also that each matchstick need  $1 \text{ mm}^2$  of surface coating on the matchbox for ignition. Consider a matchbox of size 50 mm  $\times$  30 mm  $\times$  4 mm. Is there enough ignitable area for all the matchsticks it can enclose? **2 points**



- Have exactly same area to ignite all the sticks
- Not enough area to ignite all the sticks
- Insufficient data
- Have more than enough area to ignite all the sticks

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

*Have more than enough area to ignite all the sticks*

5) Consider a cantilever beam of length  $l$ , width  $b$ , and depth  $h$  made of a material with Young's modulus  $Y$ . It has a fundamental natural frequency  $f_1$ . After scaling the width to  $\alpha b$  and depth to  $\beta h$ , its natural frequency changes to  $f_2$ . Calculate the ratio of these frequencies ( $f_1: f_2$ ), if values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are  $10^{(-3)}$  and  $10^{(-4)}$  respectively. You can use, frequency,  $f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}$  where,  $k$  is stiffness and  $m$  is effective mass of the beam. Again,  $m = cm_b$ , where,  $c$  is a constant and  $m_b$  is actual mass of the beam. You can also consider only transverse vibration. **2 points**

$10^{-1}$  $10^{-2}$  $10^4$  $10^3$ 

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

 $10^4$ 

Consider a parallel plate capacitor of area  $A = 10^{-8} m^2$  and gap  $g = 10^{-6} m$ . Compute (i) its capacitance and (ii) force between plates if potential difference between plates is 5 V, first without scaling and then scaled down by changing units from m to  $\mu m$ . Take  $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12}$  in S.I. unit.

**Without scaling**6) Capacitance = \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{(-14)}$  F

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 8.8,8.9

**1 point**7) Force = \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{(-8)}$  N

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 110,111

**1 point****With scaling**8) Capacitance = \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{(-21)}$  F

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 88,89

**1 point**9) Force = \_\_\_\_\_  $\times 10^{(-8)}$  N

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 110,111

**1 point**

10) Choose the incorrect expression from the following in case of a one-side fixed beam (where  $\rho$  is the radius of curvature, E is the Young's modulus, w is the deflection, I is the area moment of inertia and  $M_0$  is the applied moment).

$$\frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{M_0}{EI}$$

$$\frac{1}{\rho} = \frac{d^2w}{dx^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2} = \frac{EI}{F(l-x)}$$

 None of the above

No, the answer is incorrect.

Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

$$\frac{d^2w}{dx^2} = \frac{EI}{F(l-x)}$$

11) Two statements are given below :-

**1 point**I. Strain energy in a body is  $\int \frac{1}{2} \sigma \epsilon dV$ .II. Castigliano's theorem states that  $F_x = \frac{\partial[SE(u_x)]}{\partial u_x} u_x = \frac{\partial[SE(F_x)]}{\partial F_x}$  where SE(y) is the strain energy as function of y.

Choose the right option

Only I is correct

Only II is correct

Both I and II are correct

Both I and II are incorrect

No, the answer is incorrect.

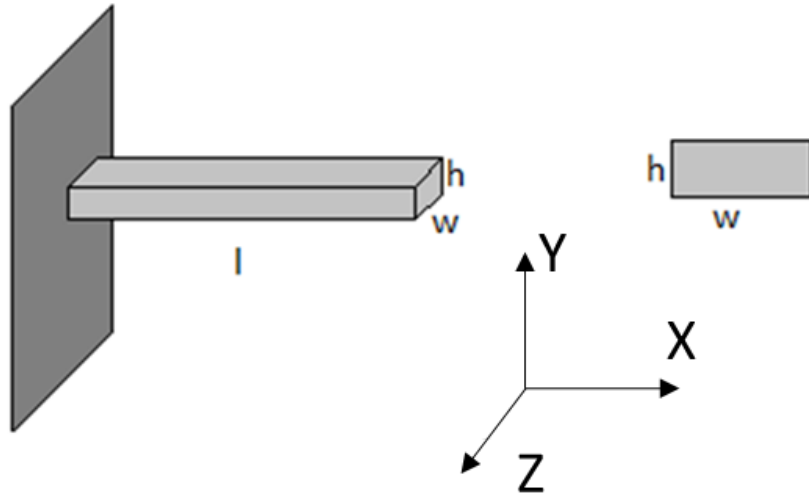
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

*Both I and II are correct*

12) Consider a beam made of polysilicon with  $Y = 170$  GPa as shown in figure having length  $100 \mu\text{m}$ , width  $10 \mu\text{m}$  and height  $15 \mu\text{m}$ . A proof mass of  $50 \mu\text{g}$  is attached to its free end resulting in guided beam kind of motion. An acceleration is applied i) in Y-direction  $12 \text{m/s}^2$  and ii) in Z-direction (i.e., perpendicular to the side face of the beam)  $15 \text{m/s}^2$ . If the spring constant for a guided beam is  $\frac{12YI}{l^3}$ , what will be the magnitude of the deflection produced in Y and Z direction, respectively? All symbols have

usual meaning



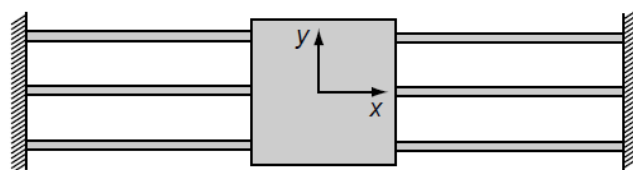
- i) 0.29 nm, ii) 0.10 nm
- i) 0.10 nm, ii) 0.29 nm
- i) 0.10  $\mu\text{m}$ , ii) 0.10  $\mu\text{m}$
- i) 0.10  $\mu\text{m}$ , ii) 0.29  $\mu\text{m}$
- i) 0.29  $\mu\text{m}$ , ii) 0.29  $\mu\text{m}$
- i) 0.15 nm, ii) 0.23 nm

No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

i) 0.10 nm, ii) 0.29 nm

13) Suspension of an accelerometer is as shown below. There are three beams on either side of the square proof mass  $50 \mu\text{g}$  mass. The beams are identical. They are  $150 \mu\text{m}$  long and have an in-plane width of  $8 \mu\text{m}$  and an out-of-plane thickness  $2 \mu\text{m}$ . They are made of polysilicon with  $Y = 169 \text{ GPa}$ . How much does the proof mass move in the y-direction for  $1 \text{ g}$  ( $9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$ ) acceleration in that direction (in nm)?




No, the answer is incorrect.  
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:

(Type: Range) 1.5,1.7

3 points

