

Unit 9 - Week 6

**Course outline**

**How to access the portal**

**Study Materials**

**Week 0 Assignment 0**

**Week 1**

**Week 2**

**Week 3**

**Week 4**

**Week 5**

**Week 6**

- Lecture 45 : Phase Conversion using Transformer : Scott Connection
- Lecture 46 : Scott Connection (Contd.)
- Lecture 47 : 3 Phase to 6 Phase Conversion and O.C./S.C Test on 3 Phase Transformer
- Lecture 48 : Parallel Operation of Transformers - I
- Lecture 49 : Parallel Operation of Transformers - II
- Lecture 50 : Parallel Operation of Transformers - III
- Lecture 51 : Specific Magnetic and Electric Loadings
- Lecture 52 : Cooling of Transformer and Fillings of Transformer
- Lecture 53 : Output Equation of 3-Phase Transformer

**Quiz : Week 6 Assignment 6**

Board-work

Feedback For Week 6

**Week 7**

**Week 8**

**Week 9**

**Week 10**

**Week 11**

**Week 12**

**Download Videos**

**Detail Solution**

**Live Session**

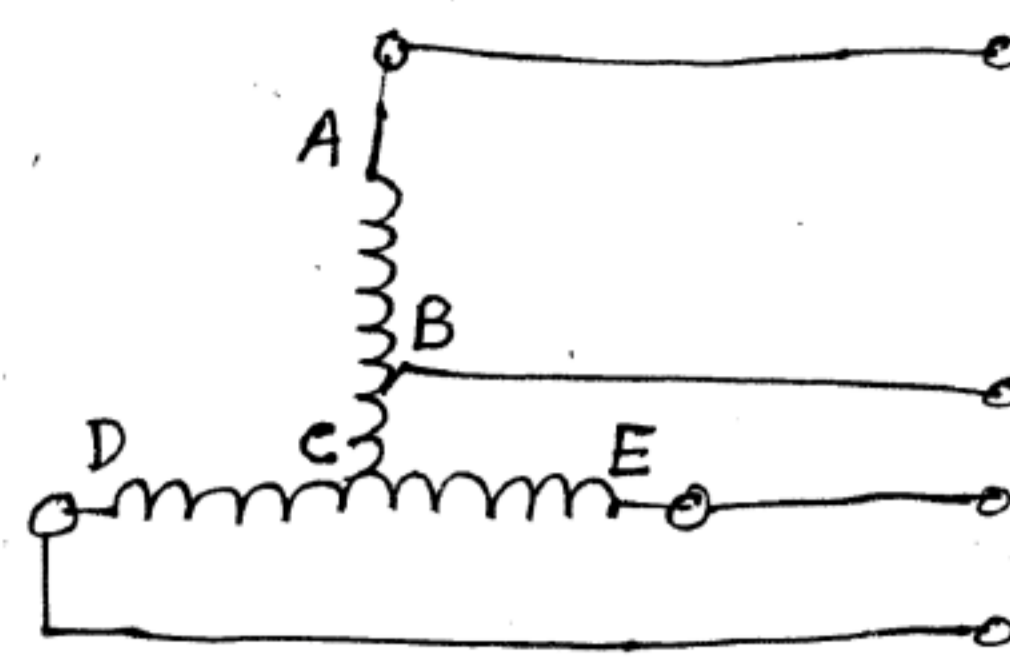
**Week 6 Assignment 6**

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed. As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

**Due on 2019-09-11, 23:59 IST.**

**Common data for Question 1 to 3**

A Scott-connected transformer is fed from a 2-phase, 6600-V (per phase voltage) network and supplies a 3-phase, 4-wire system at 500-V (line to line voltage). The low voltage side is shown in the figure. If there are 500 turns per phase on the 2-phase side, find the number of turns in the low voltage windings and the position of the tapping of the neutral wire.



1)  $N_{DE} = ?$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 36,40

1 point

2)  $N_{AC} = ?$

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 31,35

1 point

3)  $N_{AB} = ?$

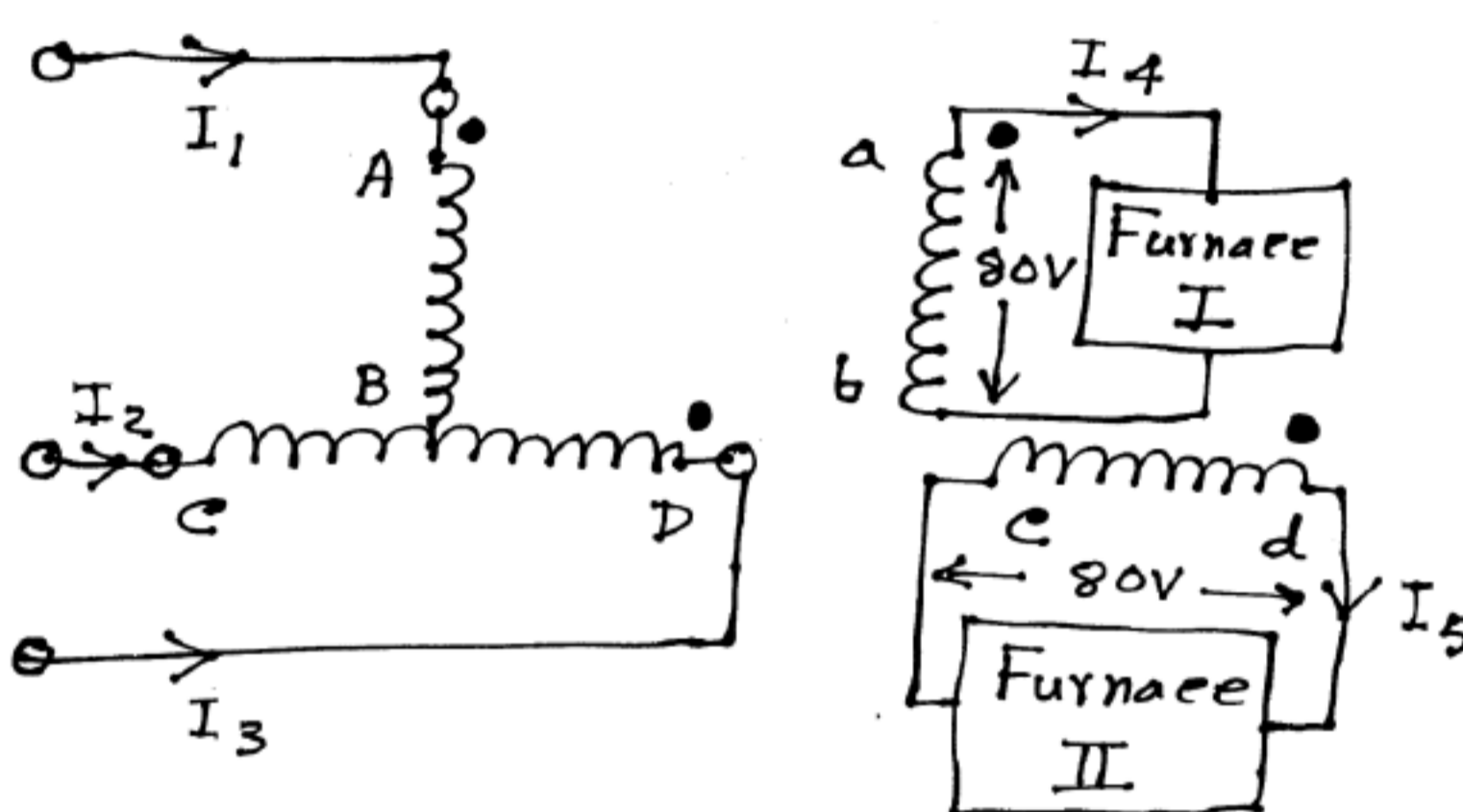
No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 20,24

1 point

**Common data for Question 4 to 9**

Two single-phase furnaces I and II are supplied at 80-V by means of a Scott-connected transformer combination from a 3-phase, 6600-V (line to line) system. The voltage of furnace I is leading. The circuit diagram is shown in the figure. The two furnaces consume 500-kW and 800-kW respectively. The power factor of furnace I is unity, but the power factor of furnace II varies.



4) Find the value of  $I_1$  (in A), if power factor of furnace II is unity.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 85,90

1 point

5) Find the value of  $I_2$  (in A), if power factor of furnace II is unity.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 124,134

1 point

6) Find the value of  $I_3$  (in A), if power factor of furnace II is unity.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 124,134

1 point

7) Find the value of  $I_1$  (in A), if power factor of furnace II is 0.7.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 85,90

1 point

8) Find the value of  $I_2$  (in A), if power factor of furnace II is 0.7.

- a. 122
- b. 129
- c. 138
- d. 145

- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: d.

1 point

9) Find the value of  $I_3$  (in A), if power factor of furnace II is 0.7.

- a. 145
- b. 173
- c. 207
- d. 223

- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: c.

**Common data for Question 10 to 11**

Two 110-V/220-V transformers with ratings 2.2-kVA and 6.6-kVA are used in parallel. The total resistance and leakage reactance of the 2.2-kVA transformer (referred to the HV side) is  $0.3\Omega$  and  $1.5\Omega$ .

10) What should be the value of the total resistance of the 6.6-kVA transformer (in  $\Omega$ ) referred to the HV side?

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.095,0.105

1 point

11) What should be the value of the total leakage reactance of the 6.6-kVA transformer (in  $\Omega$ ) referred to the HV side?

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 0.495,0.505

1 point

12) Two 110-V/220-V transformers with ratings 2.2-kVA and 6.6-kVA are used in parallel. The total resistance and leakage reactance of the 2.2-kVA transformer (referred to the HV side) is  $0.2\Omega$  and  $1\Omega$ . The total resistance and leakage reactance of the 6.6-kVA transformer (referred to the HV side) is  $0.1\Omega$  and  $0.5\Omega$ . What is the maximum kVA that this parallel combination can deliver without crossing the rating of any of the transformers?

No, the answer is incorrect. Score: 0

Accepted Answers: (Type: Range) 6.55,6.65

1 point