Week 3 Assignment 3

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.
As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

1) Which of the following is not an element to project portfolio management?
   a. Portfolio structure
   b. Portfolio management
   c. Portfolio optimization
   d. Portfolio selection
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   d. Portfolio selection

2) Which of the following is the proper sequence of undertaking project portfolio management activities?
   a. Portfolio definition, portfolio optimization, portfolio management
   b. Portfolio optimization, portfolio definition, portfolio management
   c. Portfolio definition, portfolio management, portfolio optimization
   d. Portfolio management, portfolio definition, portfolio optimization
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   a. Portfolio definition, portfolio optimization, portfolio management

3) Consider a software development department of a company is being set up. Which one of the following can be considered to be a direct cost?
   a. Insurance
   b. Building maintenance
   c. Purchase of a box of CDs
   d. Air conditioning
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   c. Purchase of a box of CDs

4) Consider a company has undertaken a software development project. Which of the following is not a tangible benefit?
   a. Benefits due to better productivity of the people in ten hours
   b. Benefits due to an improved corporate image
   c. Benefits due to producing reports with no errors
   d. Benefits due to saving manpower scales
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   d. Benefits due to saving manpower scales

5) Method of the PISA is considered as inferior to the NPV method, because
   a. it gives multiple rates of return
   b. it is relatively difficult to compute
   c. it does not indicate the absolute size of the return
   d. all of the above
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   d. all of the above

6) In-betweeen analysis, investment period is the period when
   a. the cost of the candidate system is less than the cost of the current system
   b. the cost of the candidate system is higher than the cost of the current system
   c. the cost of the candidate system is equal to that of the current system
   d. none of the above
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   c. the cost of the candidate system is equal to that of the current system

7) When a project is relatively risky, it is common practice to use
   a. simpler discount rate to calculate net present value
   b. a higher discount rate to calculate net present value
   c. simpler discount rate to calculate net present value
   d. none of the above
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   b. a higher discount rate to calculate net present value

8) Which of the following risk evaluation methods is suitable when it is required to evaluate whether the risk is important and, decide on a suitable course of action?
   a. Risk identification and ranking
   b. Cost-Analysis
   c. Risk profiling
   d. Using decision trees
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   d. Using decision trees

9) The projects that an organization undertakes within a planning cycle are referred to as
   a. Business cycle programmes
   b. Strategic programmes
   c. Infrastructure programmes
   d. Research and development programmes
   No, the answer is incorrect.
   Score: 0
   Accepted Answers:
   d. Research and development programmes

10) Benefits that the STS12 will get from obtaining local administration approval for constructing a mobile tower in a street, can be
    a. quantified and valued
    b. quantified but not valued
    c. identified but scarcely quantified
    d. identified but not easily quantified
    No, the answer is incorrect.
    Score: 0
    Accepted Answers:
    d. identified but not easily quantified