Unit 9 - Week 7:

Assignment 7

Due on 2018-09-18, 23:59 IST.

Week 0: Assignment 0

1. The first step of task 1 and 2 is a single into a large and is a program known as.
   - a.0065
   - b. 0.065
   - c. 0.65
   - d. 0.0065

Week 1:

1. Which of the following can be said about an abstract data type (ADT)?
   - a. It is a program for an object or class.
   - b. It is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - c. It is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.
   - d. It is a data type that can be used through the operations defined on it.

Week 2:

1. Which one of the following is an important advantage of a class diagram?
   - a. A class diagram cannot be used through the operations defined on it.
   - b. A class diagram is a program for an object or class.
   - c. A class diagram is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - d. A class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.

Week 3:

1. If the class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated, which of the following is an advantage of a class diagram?
   - a. A class diagram cannot be used through the operations defined on it.
   - b. A class diagram is a program for an object or class.
   - c. A class diagram is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - d. A class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.

Week 4:

1. Which one of the following is an important advantage of class diagrams?
   - a. A class diagram cannot be used through the operations defined on it.
   - b. A class diagram is a program for an object or class.
   - c. A class diagram is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - d. A class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.

Week 5:

1. Which one of the following is an important advantage of class diagrams?
   - a. A class diagram cannot be used through the operations defined on it.
   - b. A class diagram is a program for an object or class.
   - c. A class diagram is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - d. A class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.

Week 6:

1. Which one of the following is an important advantage of class diagrams?
   - a. A class diagram cannot be used through the operations defined on it.
   - b. A class diagram is a program for an object or class.
   - c. A class diagram is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - d. A class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.

Week 7:

1. Which one of the following is an important advantage of class diagrams?
   - a. A class diagram cannot be used through the operations defined on it.
   - b. A class diagram is a program for an object or class.
   - c. A class diagram is a set of rules for interacting with a collection of data.
   - d. A class diagram is a set of actions that cannot be instantiated.

Download Videos

Syllabus

Live Session