

Course outline

How does an NPTEL online course work?

Week 0

Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

 Lecture 5: ACC0 Lower Bounds

 Lecture 6: ACC0 Lower Bounds Continued.

 Quiz : Assignment 3

 Assignment 3 Solution

 Feedback for Week 3

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Assignment 3

The due date for submitting this assignment has passed.

Due on 2021-02-10, 23:59 IST.

As per our records you have not submitted this assignment.

- 1) Recall Razborov-Smolensky theorem which says that for primes $p \neq q$, $\text{mod}_p \notin \text{ACC}^0[q]$. Which of the following option is one of the reasons for the requirement of primality?
- If q is composite then there exist polynomials in $F_q[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ of degree at most \sqrt{n} that agrees with mod_p on more than 99% of inputs.
 - Approximated polynomial agrees with the circuit on very small fraction of inputs.
 - mod_q gates in given circuit cannot be approximated correctly without Fermat's little theorem which holds only for primes.
 - Primality requirement is not needed. It holds for all p, q .

1 point

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
modq gates in given circuit cannot be approximated correctly without Fermat's little theorem which holds only for primes.

- 2) Consider the following two statements.
S1: There exists problems that cannot be solved by any Turing Machine.
S2: There are un-computable problems solvable by a circuit family.
Choose the appropriate option.

1 point

- S1 is true, S2 is true.
- S1 is true, S2 is false.
- S1 is false, S2 is true.
- S1 is false, S2 is false.

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
S1 is true, S2 is true.

- 3) Assuming $\text{EXP} \subseteq \text{P/poly}$ we can prove that $\text{EXP} = \Sigma_2$. Then which of the following relation among complexity classes directly hold true?

1 point

- $\text{P/poly} \subseteq \text{EXP}$
- $\text{PSPACE} \subseteq \text{P/poly}$
- $\text{PSPACE} = \Sigma_2$
- Both option (b) and (c)

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
Both option (b) and (c)

- 4) Consider a 3×3 matrix A such that for all $i, j \in [3]$, $A_{i,j} = 3$ i.e., all the 9 elements of matrix A are 3. Then what will be permanent of matrix A ?

1 point

- 8
- 6
- 162
- 0

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
162

- 5) Let F be a field of order 2^n where n is a positive integer. Then which of the following is true.

1 point

- $\text{char } F = 2^n$
- $\text{char } F = 2^p$ for some prime p which divides n .
- $\text{char } F = 0$
- $\text{char } F = 2$

No, the answer is incorrect.
Score: 0

Accepted Answers:
char F = 2