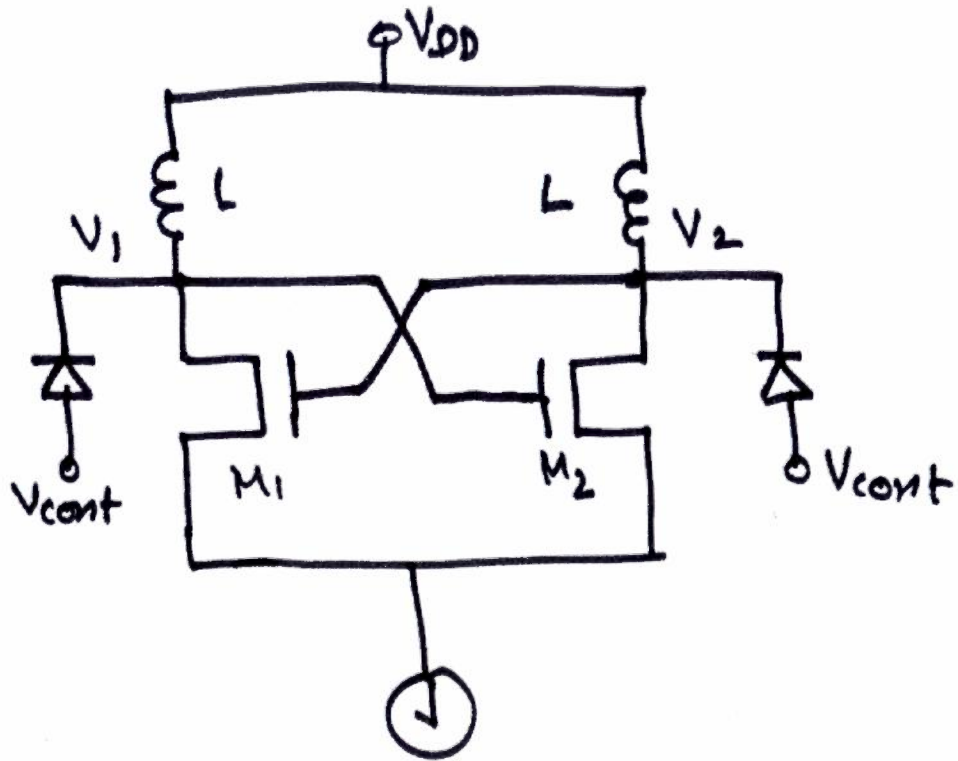


Tuning LC oscillator



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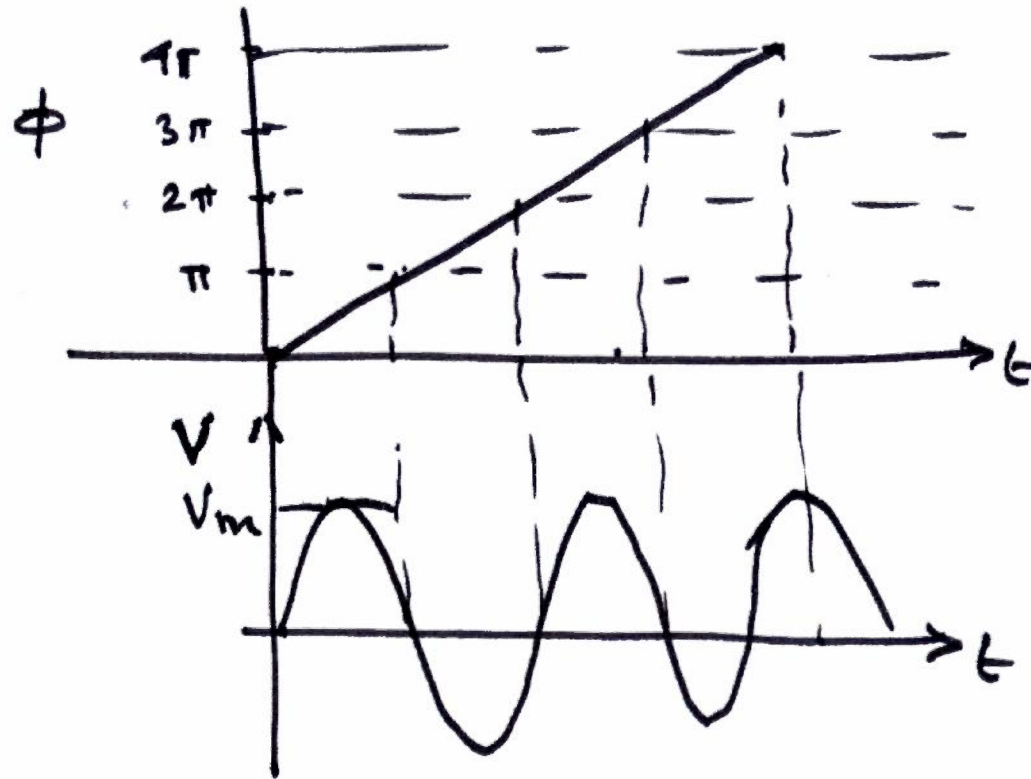
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$C_{V_{\text{reactor}}}$

$$= \frac{g_0}{\left(1 + \frac{V_R}{\phi_B}\right)^m}$$

$$m = 0.4 \text{ to } 0.5$$

Mathematical Model of VCO

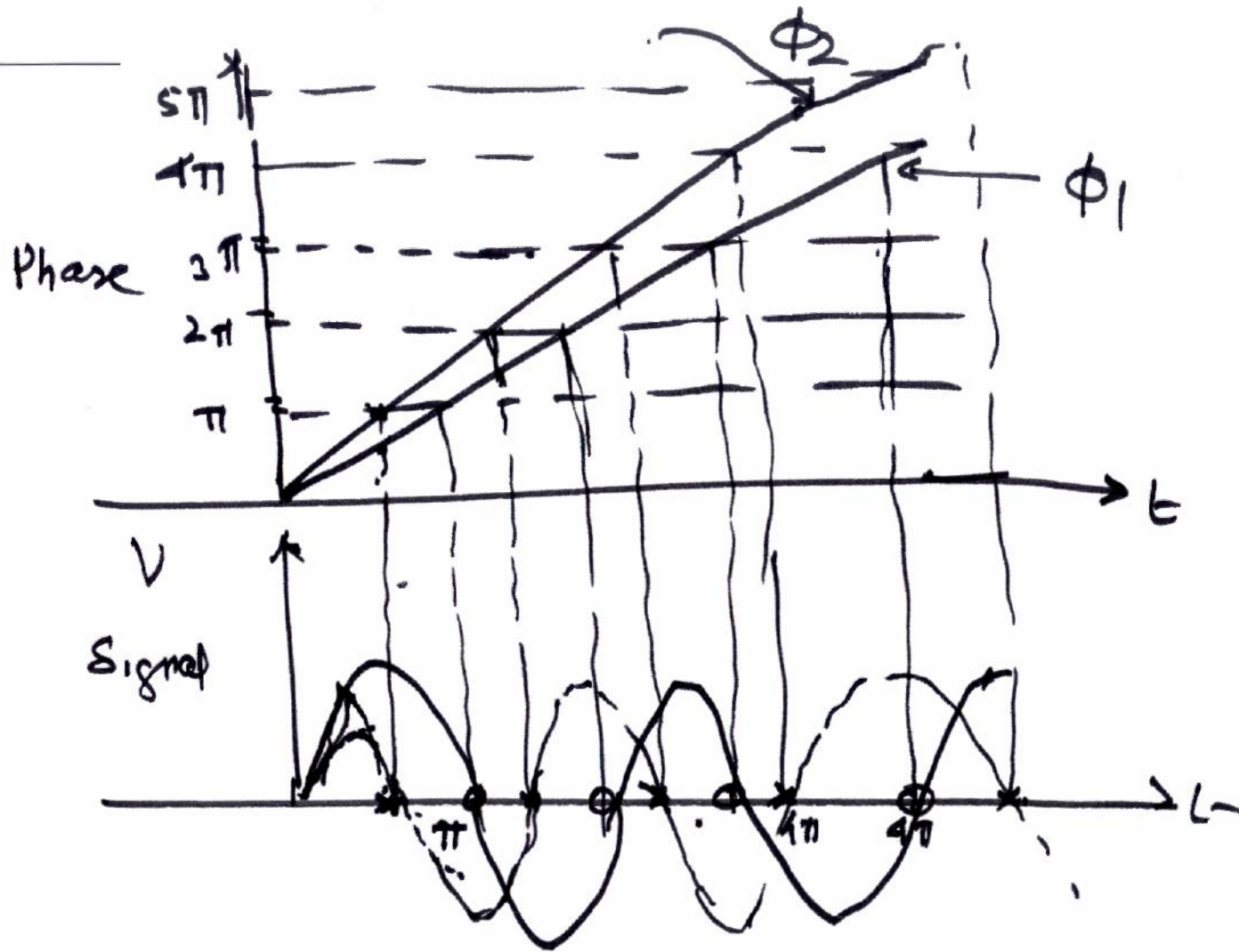


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$$\omega = \frac{d\phi}{dt}$$

$$\omega t = \phi$$



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$$\therefore \boxed{\frac{d\phi}{dt} = \omega}$$



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$$\phi = \int \omega dt + \phi_0$$

In a VCO

$$\omega_{out} = \omega_0 + K_{VCO} V_{cont}$$

We have oscillator output -

$$V_o(t) = V_M \cos \phi t = V_M \cos \int \omega_{out} dt + \phi_0$$

$$\text{or } V_{out}(t) = V_M \cos \left\{ \omega_0 t + K V_{co} \int V_{cont} dt + \phi_0 \right\}$$

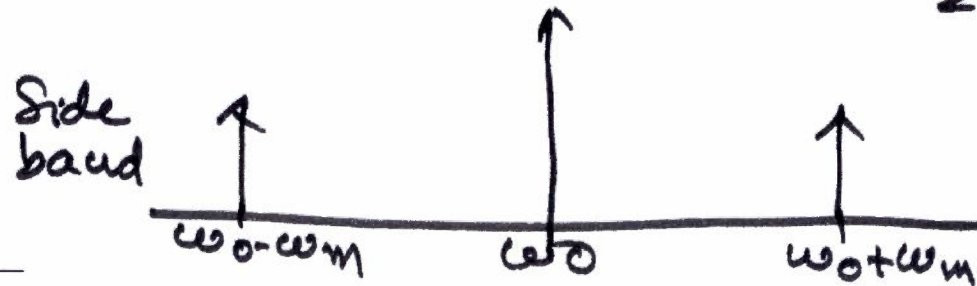
Assume $\phi_0 = 0$

$$\text{a } V_{cont} = V_m \cos \omega_m t \quad (\text{If } V_{cont} \text{ varies})$$

$$\text{Then } V_{out}(t) = V_M \cos \left\{ \omega_0 t + K V_{co} \int V_m \cos \omega_m t dt \right\}$$

$$\approx V_M \cos \omega_0 t - V_0 (\sin \omega_0 t) \left(K V_{co} \frac{V_m}{\omega_m} \sin \omega_m t \right)$$

$$= V_M \cos \omega_0 t - \frac{K V_{co} V_M V_m}{2 \omega_m} \left[\cos (\omega_0 - \omega_m) t - \cos (\omega_0 + \omega_m) t \right]$$



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