

$$\vec{F} = q (\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})$$

Lorentz Force

$$d\vec{B} = \left(\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi}\right) I \frac{d\vec{l} \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3}$$

Permeability of free space

$$\vec{B}(\vec{r}) = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}') \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} d^3r'$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \left[ \nabla \left( \frac{1}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} \right) \times \vec{J}(\vec{r}') \right] d^3r'$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \left[ \nabla \times \left( \frac{1}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} J(\vec{r}') \right) \right] d^3r'$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \nabla \times \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d^3r'.$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) = \nabla(\nabla \cdot \vec{A}) - \nabla^2 \vec{A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \nabla \times \vec{B} &= \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \nabla \times \left( \nabla \times \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d^3r' \right) \\ &= \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \left[ \nabla \left( \nabla \cdot \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d^3r' \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \nabla^2 \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d^3r' \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\nabla \times \vec{B} = -\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \nabla^2 \int \frac{\vec{J}(\vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|} d^3r'$$

$$= -\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \vec{J}(\vec{r}') \nabla^2 \underbrace{\frac{1}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|}}_{-4\pi \delta^3(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')} d^3r'$$

$$-4\pi \delta^3(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')$$

$$= \mu_0 \vec{J}(\vec{r})$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$

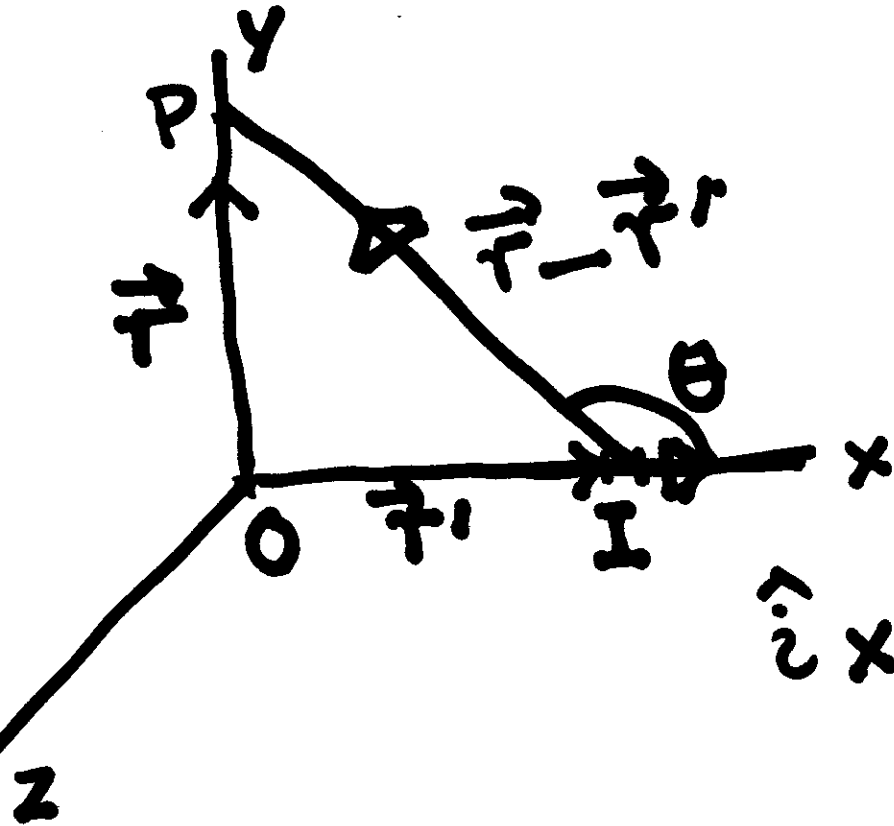
$$\int (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B}) \cdot \hat{n} \, dS = \mu_0 \int \vec{J} \cdot \hat{n} \, dS$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I \quad \text{Ampere's Law .}$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{S} = 0 \quad \text{Gauss's Law .}$$

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = |B| \cdot 2\pi r = \mu_0 I$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \hat{\phi}$$



$$\hat{i} \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}') = \hat{k} (|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|) \sin \theta$$

$$x = r \tan\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

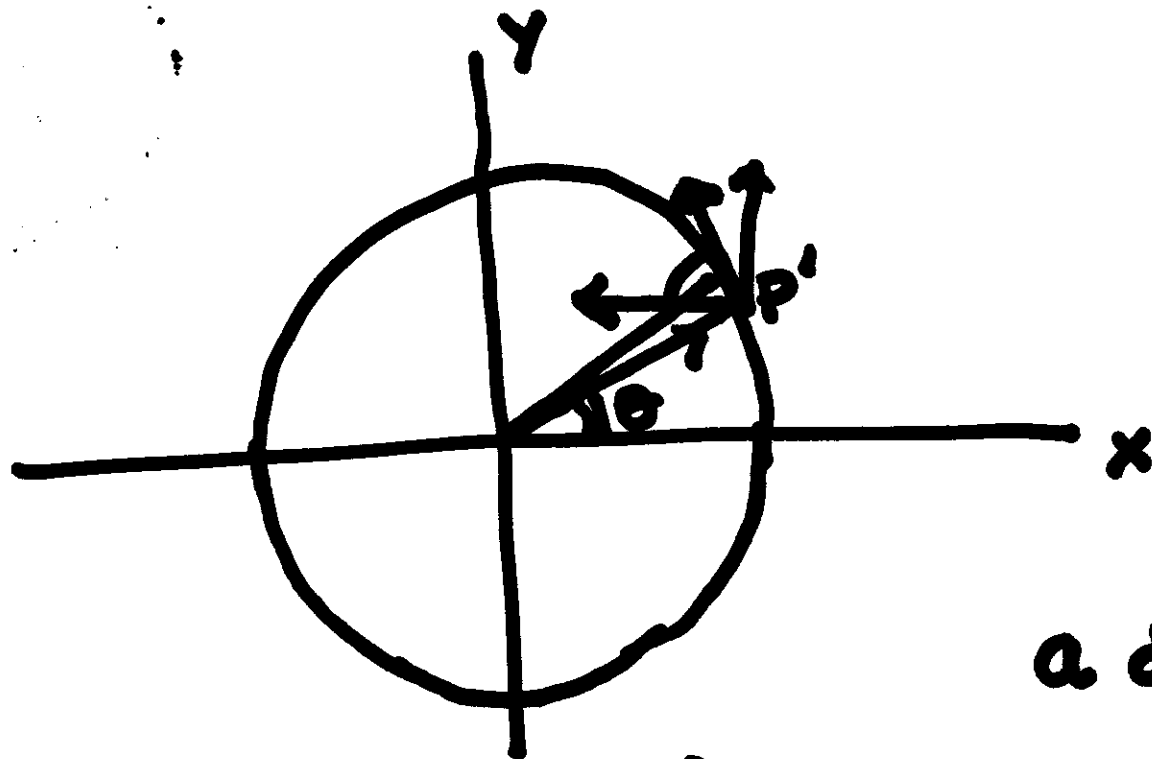
$$= -r \cot \theta.$$

$$dx = r \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta \cdot d\theta.$$

$$|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'| = r \operatorname{cosec} \theta.$$

$$\vec{B} = \hat{k} \frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin \theta}{r \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta} r \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta \cdot d\theta$$




 $a d\theta$ 

$$d\vec{l} = -a d\theta \sin\theta \hat{i} + a d\theta \cos\theta \hat{j}$$

$$\vec{r}' = a \cos\theta \hat{i} + a \sin\theta \hat{j}$$